



Unit 7 Lesson 1-2 (S.B. 56-57)

Long Lives

	Lesson 1-2 (S.B. 56-57)				
Word Definition					
cardiovascular	adj.	of or relating to the heart and blood vessels			
centenarian	n.	a person who is one hundred or more years old			
commentary	n.	The expression of opinions or explanations about an event or situation			
cycle	v.	to ride a bicycle			
elderly	adj.	(of a person) old or aging			
expectation	n.	a strong belief that something will happen or be the case in the future			
geriatric	adj.	of or relating to old people, esp. with regard to their health care			
honour	v.	to treat someone with special respect			
integral	adj.	essential or fundamental			
onerous	adj.	of a task, duty or responsibility) involving an amount of effort and difficulty that is oppressively burdensome.			
supple	adj.	bending and moving easily and gracefully; flexible			
vigorous	adj.	(of a person) strong, healthy, and full of energy			

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Unit 7 Lesson 1-2 (S.B. 56-57)

Long Lives

Vocabulary

A) Fill in the spaces with words form the list:

		io vascular - the eld		
2.	The doctor's report	said that you suffer f	rom	problems.
		because it has a transl		
	a			
4.	Hassan doesn't hav	e a car, so he	to w	ork everyday.
5.	Your uncle is very a	active for a/an	man.	
B) Fron	a, b, c and d choos	e the suitable words	:	
1.		b. expectation		_
2.	My grandfather was	s admitted to the	war	d in that hospital.
	a. supple	b. integral	c. fatal	d. geriatric
3.	Will you	me with a visit	t to discuss this sub	ject together?
	a. honour	b. conceal	c. dispute	d. excuse
4.	Your arms and legs	are	parts of your l	body.
4	a. supple	b. chronic	c. integral	d. shallow





Unit 7 Lesson 1-2 (S.B. 56-57)

C) Choose the right definition for the underlined words:

- 1. These are some of the most **frequently** asked questions in the interview.
 - a. usually
 - b. closely compacted in a substance
 - c. often /on many occasions with little time between them
 - d. smoothly and without seams or obvious joins
- 2. The sports **commentary** was unfair and biased.
 - a. opinions or explanation about an event or situation
 - b. an attractive and exciting quality
 - c. a disagreement, argument or a debate
 - d. the interruption of a settled and peaceful condition
- 3. These people are **vigorous** supporters of human rights.
 - a. active or energetic.
 - b. impartial.
 - c. having knowledge or perception of a situation.
 - d. severe or strict in manner.
- 4- Teachers should be treated with **reverence**.
 - a. an attractive and exciting quality
 - b. deep respect for someone or something
 - c. the state of being happy and satisfied
 - d. disagreement, argument or a debate
- 5- Your conclusions are open to dispute.
 - a. densely populated city
 - b. an interruption of a settled and peaceful condition
 - c. an illness, typically a minor one
 - d. a disagreement, argument or debate
- 6- The doctor said that it was just an ailment.
 - a. an attractive and exciting quality
 - b. an opinion or explanation
 - c. an illness, typically a minor one
 - d. an argument or a debate





- 7- In fact, your trust **honours** me greatly.
 - a. to treat someone with special respect
 - b. to change something to its opposite
 - c. to keep from sight, to hide
 - d. to support or actively encourage

8-It was a **fatal** accident.

- a. shocked or greatly surprised
- b. feeling ashamed
- c. below the usual or required standard
- d. causing death
- 9- This colour is **restful** to my eyes.
- a. making you feel relaxed
- b. unlike anything else
- c. causing death
- d. empty
- 10- Don't **conceal** your feelings, please.
- a. repair something
- b. support or encourage
- c. to keep from sight; hide
- d. change something to its opposite

Set book questions

1- How can you keep active and ensure a long life?
2- What should you do to keep your brain fit?
3- Old people's homes are often known as geriatric homes. Why do you think such homes are uncommon in Kuwait and the Arab World?
P2.2.
4- What's the benefit of running as a sport?





6- In your opinion, how can we show gratitu	ide and respect to the elderly?
Unit 7	

Lesson 3 (W.B. 48-49)

Long Lives Vocabulary

Lesson 3 (W.B. 48-49)

Word	l	Definition		
Chronic adj.		something that continues for a long time and cannot easily be solved		
deprived of	phrasal v.	Dispossess of, rob of		
Drowsy	adj.	tired and almost asleep		
genetic make-up	n.	chemical structure that defines individuality		
Restful	adj.	peaceful and quiet, making you feel relaxed		
Shallow	adj.	not deep.		

A) Fill in the spaces with words form the list:

(drowsy - restful - chronic - integral)

- 1. Some countries are unable to solve theunemployment problem.
- 2. Don't administer that drug while driving. It will make you
- 3. Why don't you use this colour? It'sto the eye.





n this area. The w	rater is	•••
		d. vigorous
		eir civil rights. d. deprived of
		7.009
Set Book	Questions	`
ance of sleep? W		get enough sleep?
,		
e need depends o	n several factors. Me	ntion some.
ges need differen	t amounts of sleep. T	o what extent can this
s that indicate th	nat someone doesn't g	get enough sleep and
sleep affects us. I	Discuss.	
	b. shallow because they are b. integral Set Book (ance of sleep? We have depends of sleep? We have they?	Set Book Questions ance of sleep? Why is it important to get need depends on several factors. Means are need different amounts of sleep. To get that indicate that someone doesn't get that the get that





Unit 7 Lesson 4-5 (S.B. 58-59)

Long Lives

Lesson 4-5 (S.B. 58-59)				
Woi	rd	Definition		
Blizzard	n.	a severe snowstorm with high winds and low visibility		
Conceal	v.	to keep from sight; to hide		
Dispute	n.			
do away with	phrasal v.	to get rid of		
do up	ph. v.	to fasten; to tie		
do without	ph. v.	not to have something and manage in spite		
excuse	n.	a reason or explanation put forward to defend or justify a fault or offense.		
frequently	adv.	on many occasions with little time between them		
in spite of	prep.	regardless of		
make up	ph. v.	to invent (a story)		
make up for	ph. v.	to take the place of something lost or missing		
Vicinity	n.	the area near or surrounding a particular place.		





Unit 7 Lesson 4-5 (S.B. 58-59)

Long Lives

Vocabulary

A)	Fill in	-	ords from the list:	1:	
	1 '		oite of - conceal - ch		
			untries face		
					the previous obstructions.
			my anger f		providus dostractions.
			to		back
		ivij bibioi ubilou lilo		inter drops we are	
B)	From	a, b, c and d choo	se the suitable wo	rds:	
	1.	If we can't afford a	car, we'll just have	e to	
		a. do it up		b. do away with	h ourselves
		c. do without it		d. do away wit	h it
	2.		etimes find a good b. excuse		nelping with the homework d. dispute
	3.	The match was play	yed	the bad v	weather.
					d. an account of
	4.	Don't believe that v	woman. She always		.some excuse for her bad
		behaviour.	•		
		a. makes up	b. does up	c. conceals	d. makes up for
	5.	Buses run	from	Kuwait City to m	any other places.
₹,			b. collectively	_	-





"Do" or "Make"

The two verbs "do" and "make" are often confused. The meanings are similar, but there are differences.

1- "Do" for Activities.

Use the verb do to express daily activities or jobs.

 $\underline{\mathbf{Do}}$ the ironing $\underline{\mathbf{Do}}$ the dishes

2- "Do" for General Ideas.

Use the verb <u>do</u> when speaking about things in general. In other words, when we don't exactly name an activity .This form is often used with words "<u>something</u>-<u>anything</u>/ nothing / everything"

I'm not doing anything today. He does everything for his mother.

3- Important Expressions with "Do"

There are a number of standard expressions that take the verb "do":

Do one's best**Do** good**Do** harm**Do** a favour**Do** business**Do** research**Do** shopping**Do** experiments**Do** damage**Do** duty**Do** sport**Do** cleaning

4-"Make" for Constructing, Building and Creating

Use 'Make' to express an activity that creates something that you can touch

Make food Make a cup of coffee / tea Make a mess Make a success

5-There are a number of standard expressions that take the verb "Make":

Make plansMake an exceptionMake an excuseMake a suggestionMake a promiseMake a successMake arrangementsMake a telephone callMake an effortMake noiseMake a mistakeMake a decisionMake an appointmentMake bedMake profit/money

Make progress Make peace / war Make a deal





A quiz on "do" or "make"

Choose a form of either ''do'' or ''make'' to complete the sentences:

1- I an appointment to visit my doctor yesterday.	(did / made)
2- Could youme a favour and watch my bags for a moment?	(do / make)
3- I don't think youany harm.	(did / made)
4- He really doesn't want tothat decision.	(do/make)
5- Sue cooks but Ithe dishes.	(do/make)
6- Do you your bed every morning?	(do / make)
7- I usually about 50 sit ups in the morning.	(do / make)
8- How much profit did your companylast quarter?	(do / make)
9- I'llan exception this time. But only this time.	(do / make)
10- I think his help a lot of good for the children.	(did / made)
11- I told you not to a mess in the living room.	(do / make)
12- She usuallythe cleaning on Saturday morning.	(does / makes)
13- Ali'sa phone call at the moment, he'll be back shortly.	(doing/making)
14- I likebusiness with Rashid.	(doing / making)
15- How much money does your father?	(do / make)
16- Have youany progress on that report yet?	(done / made)
17- We should try topeace not war.	(do / make)
18- If you want to buy the car, we can a deal.	(do / make)
19- The soldierhis duty to his country.	(did / made)
20- I'm afraid I can't come. I'm going to my homework after scho	ol. (do/make)





Phrasal verbs with "do":

$\mathbf{Doup} = /$

They are doing up the old cottage.

Doup =

He can't do his shoelaces yet.

Do away with =

He has done away with his old friends.

Do without =

If there is no coffee left, you'll just have to do without.

Could do with =

I could do with a holiday.

Phrasal verbs with "make":

Make up for =

Her enthusiasm makes up for her lack of experience.

Make up =

I don't want you to make up more excuses.

Make of =

I don't know what to make of my boss.

A quiz testing with some phrasal verbs

Fill in the spaces with the correct phrasal verb:

(make up for / do with / make of / do without / do away with / making up)

- 1- He bought me dinner to....being so late the day before.
- 2- Can you anything this information?
- 3- How could they a lovely old building like that and put a car park there instead?
- 4-I think we can.....your rude language.
- 5- My dad was always really good at stories.
- 6- I could a rest. I'm completely tired.





Unit 7 Lesson 7-8 (S.B. 60-61)

A magazine article

Lesson 7-8 (S.B. 60-61)					
Word	Word Definition				
admiration	n.	respect and warm approval			
affection	n.	a gentle feeling of fondness or liking			
ailment	n.	an illness, typically a minor one			
bestow	v.	confer or present (an honor, right, or gift)			
deserve	v.	to do something or have or show qualities worthy of (reward or punishment)			
due	adj.	expected at or planned for at a certain time			
fatal	adj.	causing death			
life expectancy	n.	the average period that a person may expect to live			
reverence	n.	deep respect for someone or something			

A magazine article

Vocabulary

A) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(admiration - life expectance - bestow - due - fatal)

- 1. The competition isto start in two weeks' time.
- 2. The king is going to a little upon the great scientists.
- 3. We all have greatfor his achievements.
- 4. Due to the good standard of living, for the population has developed greatly.





•	, ,	oose the suitable w		
1.	I always try to w	in my parents'	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	a. dispute	b. affection	c. ailment	d. vicinity
2.	Don't disturb yo	urself. It's just a/an		
	a. ailment	b. blizzard	c. honour	d. expectation
3.	Your brother	a rev	ward for his great e	fforts.
	a. bestows	b. does away with	c. makes up for	d. deserves
4.			_	se when it affects certain
	parts of the body	such as lungs.		
	-	b. onerous	c. fatal	d. elderly
		Set Book	ine article Questions	
1-	Why has life exp	ectancy reached a l	nigh average?	
				
2-	What does an "a	aging population" i	nean?	
		3	<u> </u>	
3-	All elderly peop	le deserve our adm	iration and compa	assion. In your opinion,
>	what is the best	way to demonstrat	e our respect for t	he elderly?





Great Expectations Charles Dickens <u>Episode 1</u>

1-In your opinion, how can we help the orphans?
2-How do you think a sister should treat her brother especially when he is an orphan?
3-What does a blacksmith do?
4- Do you think people should admit if they are guilty or not? Why?
5- In your opinion, how can a person establish a good reputation?
6- Do you think it's everyone 's duty to offer help to the policemen ?





Grammar

ep o	Statements	Wh-Questions	Yes No Questions
•	Statements: R	eport the following:-	
	1. He said to m	ne: "I'll meet you tomorrow."	4
	2. He said to m	ne: "My plane leaves at four o'clock this after	rnoon."
	3. He said to m	ne: "My holiday was very interesting."	7
	4. He said to m	ne: "I haven't seen your briefcase."	
	5. He said to m	ne: "I'm enjoying my new job."	
•	Wh-Questions	s: Report the following:-	
	1. She said to r	ne: "Where are you going?"	
	2. He said to m	ne: "When did you last have your briefcase?"	
	3- "Why are yo	ou looking through the keyhole?" I said to him	m.
6	14,4	There am I supposed to go now?"	
	5-The manager	said "Have you done this sort of work before	re?"





Yes / No Questions: Report the following:-

1. He said to me: "Can you take me to the airport tomorrow?"
2. He said to me: "Did you enjoy your holiday?"
3. He said to me: "Have you seen my briefcase?"
4. I said to my father: "Can I go out with my friends?"
5. He said to me: "Do you remember your birthday?"
What were these people's actual words:-
1- Tom said that his parents were very well.
2- Tom said that he was going to give up his job.
3- Tom said that he wanted to go on holiday but he didn't know where to go.
4-Tom said that he was going away for a day and would phone me when he got back





otl	1	•	•	•	•	•	•	and	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	

- both + adjective and
- 1. He is intelligent. He is wise.

He is both intelligent and wise.

2. She is pretty. She is clever.

She is **both pretty and clever**.

- both + noun and
- 1. I have Math homework. I have English homework.

I have both Math and English homework.

2. I spoke to the director. I spoke to his secretary.

I spoke to both the director and his secretary.

- both + verb and
- 1. He speaks in Spanish. He writes in Spanish.

He both speaks and writes in Spanish.

1. Ahmed plays football. Ali plays football.

Both Ahmed and Ali play football.

2. The math teacher was pleased with my homework. The English teacher was pleased with my homework.

Both the math teacher **and** the English teacher **were** pleased with my homework.





Unit 7 Lesson 7-8 (S.B. 60-61)

Language Functions

A) What would you say in these situations:-	4 . 63
1-Your friend has decided to buy a new car and wants your opinion.	
2- The air is polluted in your area; people in the area don't know what	to do.
3-Your friend has drawn a poster about the dangers of smoking.	
4- Compare your salary which is high to that of your brother.	
5- Your brother wants to go to school although he is still ill.	
B) Complete the missing parts in the following one theme dialogue	
1. A: So what were you like when you were younger?	
B:	
B: Graduating from the university and getting a job.	





Unit 8 Lesson 1-2 (S.B. 62-63)

Town and Country

	Lesson 1-2 (S.B. 62-63)						
Word		Definition					
Almond	n.	the tree that produces a flat pale nut with brown skin that tastes sweet					
depopulation	n.	the process of the number of people reducing in an area					
Deserted	adj.	abandoned, neglected					
Export	n.	the selling and sending out of goods or services to other countries					
Graduated	adj.	divided into different levels					
infrastructure	n.	the basic physical and organizational structures and facilities (e. g., buildings, roads and power supplies) needed for the operation of a society or enterprise					
overcrowding	n.	the process of filling an area beyond what is usual or comfortable					
public services n.		a service that is run for the benefit of the general public, for example, the utilities, the emergency services, and public transportation					
Reverse	v.	to make (something) the opposite of what it was					
Rural	adj.	in, relating to, or characteristic of the countryside rather than the town					
socioeconomic	adj.	relating to or concerned with the interaction of social and economic factors					
unemployment	n.	the state of being jobless					
Vacant	adj.	(of premises) having no fixtures, furniture, or inhabitants; empty					
		with the main items in the preceding statement the other way around					





Unit 8 Lesson 1-2 (S.B. 62-63)

Town and Country

Vocabulary

	n the spaces with wor									
(almon	ıd - depopulation - des	erted - export - gradu	ated - infrastructur	e - vice versa)						
1.	1. The government exerts great efforts to improve and maintain the									
	the country.									
2.	War was the main cau	ise for the	of these are	eas.						
3.	Tests must be	in order to	be suitable for the st	udents.						
4.	I'm going to the co-op	perative society to buy	7	essence.						
5.	Most of the factory's	products are produced	l for							
6.	The area has become	af	ter the eruption of the	ne volcano.						
D) E										
	com a, b, c and d choo We have to find suital			the poorer areas of						
1.		ore solutions for the	prootem m	the poorer areas or						
	the city.	2								
	a. almond	b. export	c. glamour	d. overcrowding						
2.	Due to the bad condition	ions of the	there, we a	re going to move to						
	another area.									
	a. contentment	b. public services	c. skylines	d. odds and ends						
3.	It's too late to	your decision no	ow, you're already s	igned the contract.						
4	a. assert	b. assess	c. bump into	d. reverse						
4.	I think that the new ro	oad will spoil the	charact	er of the area.						
,	a. rural	b. modern	c. vacant	d. astounded						
5.	Young people would	face	if the government di	d not make practical						
	measures.									
	a. skyline	b. demarcation	c. unemployment	d. contentment						





	Set Book Questions	
1-Why do people who	live in the village move to live in th	ne city?
2- What advantages are	e there to living in a city?	
3- What disadvantages a	are there to living in a city?	
		7.
4-In your opinion how c here?	ould city life be made less stressfu	l for the people who live
5-In some parts of Euro Explain.	pe, the move from the country to t	he city has been reversed.
6- Why has farming bec	ome less profitable in recent years	?
7-What, in your opinion country area?	, would you miss most about city l	ife if you moved to a
	•••••	•••••





Unit 8 Lesson 3 (W.B. 54-55)

Town and Country

Vocabulary

Lesson 3 (W.B. 54-55)

Word		Definition				
contentment	n.	the state of being happy and satisfied				
crown jewel	n.	the best or most valuable thing that a person or place has				
demarcation	n.	the point at which one area of work, responsibility etc ends and another begins				
skyline	n.	the shape made by hills or buildings against the sky				
vertical village	n.	the same amount of people occupying a village but in one tall building				

A) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(0	contentment - crown jewel - demarcation - skyline - vertical villages - hub)
1.	It is hard to draw clear lines ofbetween work and leisure.
2.	The man has foundat last.
3.	Have you ever seen the Kuwait city?
4.	The Burj Mubarak Al-Kabir will house the equivalent of seven
5.	Theof the Madinat Al-Hareer will be an imposing construction
	dominating the skyline.



Town and Country



Unit 8 Lesson 3 (W.B. 54-55)

Set Book Questions	
1-Why is "Silk City" being built?	"
2-How will the population of Madinat Al Hareer be l	kept happy?
	<u></u>
3-What is exceptional about Burj Mubarak Al Kabe	er?
4- How are vertical villages important?	

5-Cities like Silk City will change the way we live. To	what extent can this be true?
6-What are the main differences between Silk City a	nd other modern cities?
	•••••
7- What makes Silk City a unique city?	
8-Silk City is an innovative solution to the problems f	facing Kuwait Are you for or
against this? Justify your answer.	ucing ixumum Arc you for or
	•••••





Unit 8 Lesson 4-5 (S.B. 64-65)

Town and Country

	Lesson 4-5 (S.B. 64-65)							
Word		Definition						
astounded	adj.	Shocked or greatly surprise						
bump into	ph. v.	to meet by chance						
densely	adv.	closely compacted in substance						
disturbance	n.	the interruption of a settled and peaceful condition						
embarrassed	adj.	feeling or showing shame						
far and wide	idiom	over a large area						
glamour	n.	an attractive and exciting quality						
hub	n.	Centre of activity						
hustle and bustle	idiom	activity, liveliness						
metropolis	n.	Densely populated city						
Narrate	v.	give a spoken or written account of						
odds and ends	idiom	bits and pieces						
pluck up courage	exp.	make an effort to do something that frightens one						
Tranquil	adj.	calm, free from disturbance.						





Unit 8 Lesson 4-5 (S.B. 64-65)

Town and Country

Vocabulary

A) Fill in	n the spaces with won	rds from the list:								
(hub-h	ustle and bustle -met	ropolis - narrate -	tranquil - pluck up the	courage -odds and						
ends)				* * *)						
1.	Why don't we establ	ish a great	like Cairo?							
2.	We escaped from theof the city for the weekend.									
3.	Are you going to		our adventures in Afric	ea?						
4.	Egypt became the	0i	f the world in 2011.							
5.	He has moved most of	of his stuff; there a	re just a few	left.						
6.	I shall have to	and	speak to him about his	mistake.						
R) From	a, b, c and d choose	the suitable word								
			he performed his task.							
	a. vacant	b. advantageous	c. rural	d. astounded						
2.	Guess who I	at the S	ultan centre today?							
	a. broke into	b. came over	c. bumped into	d. came round						
3.	There are some	poj	pulated areas in our cou	ntry.						
	a. densely	b. clearly	c. swiftly	d. alternatively						
4.	The teacher told him	to leave as he was	ato the	e other students.						
	a. Odds and ends	b. contentment	c. disturbance	d. glamour						
5.	She was	by my con	nments about her clothes	S.						
	\ . — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		c. picturesque							
6.	We searched	for th	ne missing child, but in	vain.						
	a. far and wide	b. far and away	c. far from it	d. in so far as						
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	avel has lost its							
40	a. skyline	b. demarcation	c. contentment	d. glamour						





Unit 8 Lesson 7-8 (S.B. 66-67)

Choosing suitable places to live

Lesson 7-8 (S.B. 50-51)			
Word		Definition	
advantageous	adj.	a condition or circumstance that puts one in a favourable or superior position	
leafy	adj.	having or characterized by much foliage because of an abundance of trees or bushes	
make it your own	exp.	change something in your possession so that you reflect your personality and character	
palatial	adj.	resembling a palace in being spacious and splendid	
picturesque	adj.	visually attractive, esp. a quaint or pretty style	
residents' parking	n.	parking space reserved specifically for residents of a particular area.	

A) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(advantageous - leafy - make it your own - residents' parking)

- 1. Cabbage, spinach and lettuce are vegetables.
- 2. The free trade agreement would beto both countries.
- 3. All the furniture you already own could go straight in. You couldvery quickly.

B)From a, b, c and d choose the suitable words:

- I spent three days in afishing village in the bay. The holiday was fantastic.
- a. picturesque b. rural c. devastating d. deserted
- 3. You never have trouble finding a space for your car due to the
 - a. disturbance b. overcrowding c. unemployment d. resident's parking





Set Book Questions

1-What things should be put into consideration if you want to choose a place to live
in?
2-It's said '' If you would be known, and not know, vegetate in a village; if you would know, and not be known, live in a city. '' Explain.
Choose the right definition for the underlined words: 1. There wasn't any <u>vacant</u> seat at the cinema last night.

- - a. very impressive or effective
 - b. damaged
 - c. having no fixtures, furniture or inhabitants; empty
 - d. made of iron and wood only
- 2. A large number of people in this district face **unemployment.** .
 - a. Deep respect for someone or something
 - b. The state of being happy and satisfied
 - c. The state of being jobless
 - d. An attractive and exciting quality
- 3- The new government has failed to **reverse** the economic decline.
 - a. change something to its opposite
 - b. give a spoken or written account
 - c. confer or present (an honour, right or gift)
 - d. choose someone for a position or a job
- 4-At last, I have found **contentment** here with you. a.the state of being happy and satisfied b.deep respect c.the state of being jobless d.disagreement or argument







Grammar

Inverted sentences

Inversion of subject and verb after certain adverbs

Hardly/Scarcelythan-seldom-
Little- Neither- On no account- Not onlybut also- Nowhere-Never
Examples:-
1-Not only did he succeed, but he got full marks.
2-No sooner had he driven the car, than he made an accident.
3- <u>Such</u> a lazy boy is he that he never studies.
4- So tired was she that she fell asleep at once.
5- Never shall I tell a lie.
Shan I ton a no.
Begin with the underlined words:-
1- I have never traveled abroad
1 Thave <u>never</u> traveled abroad
2-It was such a funny sight that they laughed.
2-it was such a runny sight that they laughed.
3-The place was so crowded that I left at once.
_
1. The department of many diamentary has the company come making in
4- I had <u>hardly</u> had my dinner when the servant came rushing in.
5 II
5- He <u>not only</u> showed me how to do it but offered to help her as well.
6-There has <u>rarely</u> been such a gathering of celebrities in our house.
7-You could <u>nowhere</u> find a better adviser.
8-We have seldom been treated in such a rude way.
9- We have seldom been so upset about something.





10- I <u>only now</u> understood your personal reasons.
11- I <u>little</u> expected to bump into my hero.
12- He had <u>rarely</u> seen something that made him so happy.
13- I have <u>never</u> been so astounded.
Correct the underlined mistakes in the following sentences:-
1-My father told me if I had prepared my research paper yesterday .
a b
2- Rarely had I <u>see</u> something that made me so <u>happily</u> .
a b
Language Functions
Complete the missing exchanges of the following dialogue:
Waiter:?
Guest: I'd like to have my lunch, please.
Waiter: Would you like fish or meat, sir.
Guest:
What would you say in these situations:-
1- Your brother is thinking about buying a house in the countryside.
2-Your neighbour thinks that the Silk City project is a waste of money.
3- Have you heard? Salem has taken his father to a geriatric home.
4- I feel grateful for the elderly for their wisdom and experience.





Great Expectations Episode 2

1-In your opinion, What may make hands rough?

Doing a hard job as a blacksmith can make our hands rough.

2-Do you think misdealing the cards in a game shows that a person is stupid?

No, because it only shows one skill. A person may be skillful at another field.

3-How, do you think, a person feels when insulted?

We will be angry, sad and ashamed if we are insulted

4-How should we make our expectations?

We should expect and dream according to our abilities and skills.

5-What do you think a person should do before an interview?

We should reach on time, be well prepared and dress well.





Unit 9 Lesson 1-2 (S.B. 68-69)

New ways and old Vocabulary

v ocabular y				
Lesson 1-2 (S.B. 68-69)				
Word		Definition		
competent	adj.	having the necessary ability, knowledge, or skill to do something successfully		
Cookery	n.	the practice or skill of preparing and cooking food		
custom-made	adj.	made to a particular customer's order		
Fix	v.	to repair something that is broken or not working properly		
mail order	n.	the selling of goods to customers by mail, generally involving		
		selection from a special catalogue		
mass-produced	adj.	produced in large quantities by an automated mechanical process		
Unique	adj.	being the only one of its kind; unlike anything else		
Unusual	adj.	not habitually or commonly occurring or done		
Workshop n. a room or building in which goods are manufactured or repaired		a room or building in which goods are manufactured or repaired		
A) Fill in the s	paces	s with words form the list:		
(compet	tent -	cookery - custom-made - fix - workshop - mail order)		
1. That	persoi	n is notto be the new manager of the company.		
2. All our products are available by				
3. Why don't you go to that mechanic? He canyour car well.				
4. The food is not delicious. You need a course in				
5. Look at these beautiful suits. I think they are				
B) From a, b,	c and	d choose the suitable words:		

om a, b, c and d choose the suitable words:						
1. China is one of the	countries that are fa	mous for	goods.			
		c. mass-produced				
2. Shakespeare made	a	contribution to the wo	orld of literature.			
a. unique	b. substandard	c. ungentlemanly	d. contemporary			
3. It's	for that teacher to	be late. He always com	es on time.			
a. usual	b. easy	c. common	d. unusual			





Set Book Questions

1-How have traditional pastimes and leisure a	activities changed in the modern
world?	
2-Can you think of skills that were commonple	ace in the past but are unusual
nowadays?	
3-What creative uses are there for home comp	outers?
4-How do you think current leisure activitie people enjoyed in the past?	s are different from those which
4	





Unit 9 Lesson 3 (W.B. 60-61)

New ways and old

Vocabulary

Lesson 3 (W.B. 60-61)

Word		Definition	
contemporary	adj.	belonging to or occurring in the present	
Craftsman	n.	someone who is very skilled at a particular craft	
in parallel	exp.	occurring at the same time and having some connection	
Platform	n.	a raised level surface on which people or things can stand	
Pottery	n.	clay that has been shaped and baked in order to make pots, dishes	
Promote	V.	support or actively encourage	
Seamlessly	adv.	Without seams or obvious joins	
Socialise	v.	to mix socially with others.	

New ways and old

Vocabulary

A) Fill in the spaces with words form the list:

(seamlessly - socialise - platform - pottery)

- 1. Some students shared the latest......with the teacher.
- 2. Yesterday I bought a valuable collection of Japanese
- 3. The old and new mixin these workshops and lessons.
- 4. It's a good chance towith new colleagues.





B) From a, b, c and d choose the suitable words:

1.	I like this kind of fu	rniture of	style no	ot the old one.			
	b. foreign	b. contempo	orary c. handso	me d. prominent			
2.	All the rugs we sell	_	_				
				d. craftsmen			
3.	My wife wanted to p	-					
	a. below par	b. neck and neck	c. in parallel	d. in addition			
		Set Book Ques	stions				
				*			
1-	What do you know	about'' Bayt Lothar	n'' or ''The Hous	se of Shelter "?			
2-	2-Where does the name of "Bayt Lothan" come from?						
_							
3-Bayt Lothan is always full of many activities. To what extent can this be true?							
	Justify your answer	+ / \	1				





Unit 9 Lesson 4-5 (S.B. 70-71)

New ways and old

Lesson 4-5 (S.B. 70-71)				
Word		Definition		
below par	exp.	something which is inferior		
call the shots	exp.	to make the important decision; to direct a project		
Immobile	adj.	Motionless		
neck and neck	exp.	evenly matched		
put to	ph. v.	to ask someone a question, especially about something important		
Snooker	n.	a game played with cues on a billiard table in which the players use a cue ball (white) to pocket the other balls (fifteen red and six coloured) in a set order		
Substandard	adj.	below the usual or required standard		
toe the line	exp.	to accept the authority, principles, or policies of a particular group, esp. under pressure		
ungentlemanly	adj.	dishonourable.		

New ways and old

Vocabulary

A) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(ungentlemanly - put questions to - toe the line - snooker - substandard)

- 1. The audience is invited tothe speaker
- 2. You have written some good essays before, but this one is
- 3. If you want to join our group, you have to





B) From a, b, c and d choose the suitable words:

1.	I'm feeling a bit	to	day. I can't concentrate	on my work.
	a. a second time	b. as good as usual	c. below par	d. up and down
2.	The director has been	absent for a week,	but his competent assista	ant was able
	to			
	a. call the shots	b. call a spade	c. call time	d. call it a day
3.	The hunter stood	until	the lion had passed.	77 %
	a. contemporary	b. ungentlemanly	c. fearless	d. immobile
4.	At the half-way point	the two cars were.		
	a. odds and ends	b. neck and neck	c. far and wide	d. vice versa





Unit 9 Lesson 7-8 (S.B. 72-73)

Lesson 7-8 (S.B. 72-73)			
Word		Definition	
Appoint	V.	to choose someone for a position or a job	
Bill	n.	a written proposal for a new law, which is brought to a parliament so that it can be discussed.	
biography	n.	an account of someone's life written by someone else	
customarily	adv.	usually, habitually	
Degree	n.	a course of study at a university or college, or the qualification that is given to you when you have successfully completed the course	
doctorate	n.	a university degree of the highest level	
master's degree	n.	a university degree such as an MA that you can get by studying for one or two years after your first studying	
Minister	n.	a politician who is in charge of a government department	
parliament	n.	the group of people who are elected to make a country's laws and discuss important national affairs	
Portfolio	n.	the work that a particular government official is responsible for	
Resign	V.	to officially announce that you have decided to leave your job or an organization	
Whereas	con.	in contrast or comparison with the fact that	





Vocabulary				
A) Fill in the spaces with words f	rom the list:			
(minister - parliament - por	tfolio - resign -	whereas)		
1. My father has become a n	nember of			
2. The	of education will vi	isit many schools next t	term.	
3. He eats meat ,	she's a v	vegetarian.	,//	
4. She's threatening to	if sl	ne doesn't get a pay inc	rease.	
B) From a, b, c and d choose the		7.	*)	
1. There are vacant situation	s in the ministry. T	They will	the most	
competent persons.		(9)"		
a. Toe the line	b. put to	c. appoint	d. call the shot	
2. Thewas	discussed in parlia	ament and passed at las	t.	
a. bill	b. biography	c. minister	d. portfolio	
3. Did you read the	of Napo	leon?		
a. Master's degree	b. degree	c. biography	d. snooker	
4. Wetip	the waiters in our	country. They are poor	people.	
a. never	b. customarily	c. seldom	d. scarcely	
5. Ahmed has got a Master's			-	
a. biography	b. doctorate	c.workshop	d. degree	
6. She's studying for her		at Cairo University.		
a. doctorate	b. biography	c. autobiography	d. study	
Set Book Questions				
1-What is a higgraphy? How is it different from an autobiography?				

How is it different from an autobiography?	

2- Biographies and autobiographies usually include much information. Discuss.





3-	Women must be given equal rights in their communities". How far do you
	agree with this statement

Unit 9 Focus On (S.B. 74-75)

8-Below par

Games of the past Set Book Questions 1-What were the characteristics of the games of the past? 2- Name some examples of old Kuwaiti games that children used to play? 3-In your opinion, what games do children and young people play nowadays? Use these words in meaningful sentences:-1- Competent (adj.) 2- Fix (verb) 3- Resign (verb) 4-Minister (noun) 5-Snooker (noun) 6-Disturbance (noun) 7- Narrate (verb)

(expression)

9-Embarrassed (adjective)





10-Far and wide (idiom)	
11-Customarily (adverb)	
12- Toe the line (expression)	
Grammar (causative verl	os)
" <u>have</u> " something " <u>done</u> " = to show how an a Examples:	ction was arranged.
1. I don't repair my car myself. I have my car repaired.	(Use a causative verb)
2. I didn't repair my car myself. I had my car repaired.	
3. I'm not going to repair my car. I'm going to have my car repaired.	
4. He hasn't cut his hair. He's had his hair cut.	
5. They haven't repaired their car. They've had their car repaired.	
Rewrite the sentences using the words between brack 1- Last week, I upgraded my computer.	(had)
2-We are installing a new A/C unit.	(are having)
3- I paid an artist to paint my profile.	(have)
4- We pay the dustman to collect the rubbish every morr	ning. (have)
5- We paint the house every year.	(have)
6-I'll be planting some trees in the garden tomorrow mor	rning. (will be having)
7- The girls have repaired their bicycles.	(have had)





BOOK 12	
Choose the correct answer:-	
1- I would like to for me, as I'm an awful cook.	
a- having my cooking done	
b- have done my cooking	
c- have my cooking done	
d- be doing my cooking	
2 your newspaper delivered to your house every morning?	
a- Have	
b- Do you have?	
c- Will have	
d- Do you	
3- Here are your photos .We	
a- got them developed	
b- develop them	
c- got developed them	
d- got them develop	
<u>Language Functions</u>	
What would you say in the following situations:-	
1- Your sister has given birth to a lovely baby.	
*	
2- A man is known by the company he keeps.	
2 11 man is known by the company he keeps.	
3- You have just heard of the number of deaths in the last earthquake that hit Japan.	
4- Your cousin seems uncertain about whether to join the Arts section or the Science section	or
5- Your sister has a driving test tomorrow.	





Complete the missing parts in the given dialogue:

A: I'm going to move to another flat.
B:?
A: The area is congested with traffic.
B:?
A: the new flat is palatial and it is near my work.
Great Expectations Episode : Two
1-Have you met any event that matched your expectations? Mention one?
2-In your opinion, how should people be with one another?





Unit 10 Lesson 1-2 (S.B. 78-79)

The seven summits

Lesson 1-2 (S.B. 46-47)		
Word	Definition	
Ascend (v.)	to climb to the summit of a (mountain or hill)	
Attempt (n.)	an effort to surpass a record or conquer a mountain	
Dizzying (adj.)	make (someone) feel unsteady, confused, or amazed	
Elite (n.)	a group of people considered to be the best in a particular society or	
	category, esp. because of their power, talent, or wealth	
Exhaustion (n.)	a state of extreme physical or mental fatigue	
Extreme (adj.)	reaching a high or the highest degree; very great	
Frost bite (n.)	injury to body tissues caused by exposure to extreme cold	
Highlight (v.)	pick out and emphasise	
Perilous (adj.)	full of danger or risk	
Reconstruction (n.)	the action or process of rebuilding something after it has been damaged	
	or destroyed	
Scale (v.)	to climb up or over (something high and steep)	
Summit (n.)	the highest point of a hill or mountain.	

The seven summits Vocabulary

A) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(ascend – attempt – dizzying – elite – extreme- exhaustion)

- 1. He failed in histo bring about a reconciliation between the two sides.

- 4. The car drove past withspeed.





B) From a, b, c and d cho	ose the best ansv	ver:	
6. The	penalty of lav	v in some countries is t	he death penalty.
a. dizzying			1
7. Two of the mountain cli			
a. frostbite			
8. The principal's report		the major problems fa	acing the process of
education.			
a. Comes down	b. highlights	c. traverses	d. scales
9. Climbing Mount Everes			
_	_	c. unconscious	-
10. The	_		
a. reconstruction	b. exnaustion	c.contribution	d. mountaineer
	The seven Su	ımmits	
Set book questions (e answers)
- What qualities would a perso			,
what quanties would a perso		au conditions.	
			·
What difficulties may a moun			
		 	
What qualities would a person			
what qualities would a person			
-			
What adventure sports are you	u familiar with?		
What were Zed Al Refai's aims in climbing the seven peaks?			
√ √ √ √ √ √ √ √ √ √ √ √ √ √ √ √ √ √ √			
What preparations should be made before going on expeditions like climbing			
dizzying mountains?			





Unit 10 Lesson 3 (W.B. 70-71)

<u>Steve Fossett – a record breaker</u> Vocabulary

Lesson 3 (W.B. 70-71)

Word	Definition
Clamber: (v.)	to climb or move slowly somewhere, using your hands and feet because it is difficult or steep
Manned: (adj.)	run or operated especially by human control
Set a record: (exp.)	to reach a new limit
Submerged: (adj.)	under water

Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(clamber - manned- submerged - set- austere)





Set book questions (Suggested Questions &Sample answers)

1-What are the pros and cons of record breaking	g attempts?
	7
2- What is Steve Fossett famous for?	
3- The whole world will always remember Steve Fosset a	s a great adventurer. Discuss.
4-Why do you think people push themselves to ex	xtreme limits?





Unit 10 Lesson 4-5 (S.B. 80-81)

Pushing the limits

Lesson 4-5 (S.B. 80-81)		
Word Definition		
afflicted (adj.)	Affected in an unpleasant, painful way	
alight (v.)	on fire; burning	
arson (n.)	the criminal act of deliberately setting fire to property	
austere (adj.)	severe or strict in manner, attitude, or appearance	
come across (ph. v.)	to meet or find by chance	
come away with (ph. to be left with a specified feeling, impression, or result after do		
v.)	something	
come down (ph. v.)	To become lower	
come over (ph. v.)	to visit you at your house	
come round (ph. V.)	recover after being unconscious	
come up (ph. v.)	-to be mentioned especially in a conversation.	
	-to become available especially unexpectedly	
exhilarated (adj.)	feel very happy	
fatigued (adj.)	tired or exhausted	
traverse (v.)	to travel across or through	
unconscious (adj.) unable to see, hear, otherwise sense what is going on, us		
	temporarily and often as a result of an accident or injury	
visible (adj.)	able to be perceived or noticed easily	





Unit 10 Lesson 4-5 (S.B. 80-81)

Pushing the limits

Vocabulary

Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(afflicted – aligh	t – arson – austero	e – came across – came	away with –
	come down	– come over)	60,4)
1. I	an old school	friend in the Great Moso	que yesterday.
2. This man is	with	n arthritis.	
3. We	the impression	n that all were not satisfi	ied with their marriage.
4. He's going to	to y	ou tonight.	
5. The price of petrol dic	l not	during the last	period.
6. This man is a distant .		person.	
From a, b, c and d choo			
7. After the explosion of	the gas cylinder, th	ne whole kitchen was	
b. perilous	b. austere	c. alight	d. extreme
8. According to the artic	le, six persons are t	o be charged with attem	ptedof
the building.			
c. tolerance	b. violence	c. exhaustion	d. arson
9. Pour some water on h	is face He will soor	1	
d. come round	b. come down	c. come up	d. come away with
10. I'm afraid something	g urgent has	, I won't be ab	le to see you tonight.
e. come through	b. come up	c. come in	d. com under
11. In fact your success	made us feel		
a. afflicted	b. visible	c. exhilarated	d. austere
12. You look	what have	you been doing?	
a. unconscious	b. fatigued	c. strong-willed	d. submerged





Grammar

Past perfect simple and continuous

Study these examples carefully	nples carefully:-
--------------------------------	-------------------

- 1- (Past perfect continuous: Had been +Verb+ing)
- **1-** When I looked out of the window, **it had been raining**. (I wasn't raining when I looked out; it had stopped)
 - 2- (Past continuous : Was/Were +Verb+ing)
- 2- When I looked out of the window, it was raining. (Rain was falling at the time I looked out.)
 - 3- (Past perfect : Had +P.P.)
- **3-** When I **arrived** at the party, Ali **had already gone** home. (We use the past perfect to say that something had already happened before this time)

Read the situation and then write a sentence:-

Example: The two boys came into the house. One had a black eye and the other had a cut lip. (they /fight)

They had been fighting.

1- When I walked into the room, it was empty. But there was a smell of cigarettes.
(Somebody /smoke/in the room)
Somebody
2- The two boys came into the house. They had a football and they were both very tired.
(they / play / football)
Put the verbs into the correct forms:-
1- When I arrived, everyone was sitting round the table and talking. Their mouths were
empty but their stomachs were full. They (eat).
2-When I arrived, everyone sitting round the table with mouths full. They
(eat).
3- The house was very quiet when I got home. Everybody
4- Sorry I'm late. The car (break) down on my way home.
5- The local cinema was no longer open. It





Unit 10 Lesson 7-8 (S.B. 82-83)

Making difficult choices

	Lesson 7-8 (S.B. 82-83)
Word	Definition
Assist (v.)	to help (someone), typically by doing a share of the work
Binoculars (n.)	an optical instrument with a lens for each eye, used for viewing distant objects
Cope with (v.)	To deal effectively with something difficult
Crave (adj.)	To feel a powerful desire for something
Engulf (v.)	(of a natural force) sweep over (something) so as to surround or cover it completely
Entail (v.)	involve (something) as a necessary or inevitable part or consequence
Feat (n.)	an achievement that requires great courage, skill, or strength
Grueling (adj.)	extremely tiring and demanding
Mountaineer (n.)	a person who takes part in the sport or activity of climbing mountains
Strong-willed (adj.)	determined, stubborn.
10 t).	





Unit 10 Lesson 7-8 (S.B. 82-83)

Making difficult choices Vocabulary

Fill in the spaces with words from the list

(assists, b	inoculars, cope w	ith, craves, gruel	ling, entails)
1. I looked at the hawl	through		7
2. We are giving him t	the admiration he		<i>y</i> ,
3. The head teacher's	deputy	with son	ne of the duties.
4. Teaching job sound	s interesting, but it	,	a lot of hard work.
5. We sometimes find	it difficult to	all	the pressure at work.
From a, b, c and d choo	se the best answer:		
1. The coach of the wi	nning team was	by	a crowd of reporters.
b. alight	b. afflicted	c. engulfed	d. unconscious
2. A lot of	lost their live	s while they were to	rying to climb that high
mountain.			
c. attempts	b. frost-bites	c. highlights	d. mountaineers
3. I don't know how I	won that race. It was	s a/an	one.
d. submerged	b. grueling	c. manned	d. strong-willed





Unit 10 Lesson 7-8 (S.B. 82-83)

Set book questions (Suggested Questions &Sample answers)

1-What can be learnt from expeditions of challenges?	
	+ 10
2-What would you take with you if you thought of camping	g in a desert?
<u>Language Functions</u> Complete the missing parts in the following one-theme dialogu	e:
A:?	<u></u>
B: I'm going to ascend that high mountain.	
A:?	
B: I know it is a perilous task, but I find fun in doing so.	
Use the following words in meaningful sentences:-	
-Extreme (adjective)	
-Visible (adjective)	
-Assist (Verb)	
- Crave (verb)	
-Summit (noun)	





	Great Expectations	Episode Four
1-In your opinio	n, what may make people liv	ve in anxiety?
	r pieces of advice to a friend	***
3-How would yo	ou help a friend who has son	ne financial problems?
4-How can rich	people help their societies?	
	* 5	4





Unit 11 Lesson 1-2 (S.B. 84-85)

The Final frontier

Lesson 1-2 (S.B. 84-85)		
Word	Definition	
Abhorrent (adj.)	inspiring disgust and loathing; repugnant	
Awe-inspiring	Arousing awe through being impressive, formidable, or magnificent	
(adj.)		
Concept (n.)	an abstract idea; a general notion	
Detriment (n.)	the state of being harmed or damaged	
Execute (v.)	to carry out an order or plan	
Frontier (n.)	the extreme limit of understanding or achievement in a particular area	
Intrepid (adj.)	fearless; adventurous	
Mission (n.)	an expedition into space	
Orbit (v.)	to fly or move around in a circle	
Revere (v.)	to feel deep respect or admiration for something	
Revolve around	to go around, turn around, rotate, spin	
(ph. v.)		
Sentient (adj.)	able to perceive or feel things	
Universe (n.)	the earth, planets and stars.	





Unit 11 Lesson 1-2 (S.B. 84-85)

The Final frontier

A) Fil		n the spaces with wor abhorrent - awe-ins		- detriment - miss	ions - execute)
	1.	The new tower is	ir	size and design.	4
	2.	Astronauts will spend	d many months on t	the station testing ed	quipment for future
		space exploration		, ,	*
	3.	Some students canno	t grasp the basic		of mathematics.
	4.	Check that the worke	ers can	all your inst	ructions in a short time
					of patients.
	6.	Discrimination of an	y sort is	to me.	
B)		rom a, b, c and d cho Treating the elderly i	,		
		a. sentient	b. intrepid	c. abhorrent	d. astronomical
	2.	Scientific research is	constantly pushing	back the	of our
		knowledge about the	world.		
		a. data	b. frontiers	c. missions	d. universe
	3.	Our soldiers fought to	he enemy and achie	eved terrific and	victory.
		a. conducive	b. convincing	c. outrageous	d. intrepid
	4.	The Earth is the third	of the nine planets	that	the sun.
6		a. orbit	b. scrutinize	c. dispatch	d. surround
	5.	We have to encourag	ge our children to	thei	r teachers and parents.
		a. incite	b. execute	c. revere	d. monitor





Unit 11 Lesson 1-2 (S.B. 84-85)

The Final frontier **Set book Samples** 1-Which countries are involved in the International Space Station? 2- What are the aims of establishing the ISS? 3-What's unique about the relationship between Kuwait and the International Space Station? 4-Some people are for space exploration while others are against it. What do you yourself think. Justify your answer. I am for it because I'm against it because





Unit 11 Lesson 3 (W.B. 76-77)

The Final frontier

Vocabulary

Lesson 3 (W.B. 76-77)

**************************************	D - 6" '4"	
Word	Definition	
Approximately (adv.)	roughly, almost	
Dispatch (v.)	to send off to a destination or for a purpose	
Obscure (v.)	to prevent something from being seen or heard clearly	
Perceivable (adj.)	could be noticed	
Scrutinize (v.)	to examine someone or something very clearly.	

Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(approximately - dispatch - mission - perceivable - scrutinize)

- 1. The USA willsome warships to the area soon.
- 2. A little change in his behaviour has become
- 3. As I know the flight will takethree hours.
- 4. You have toyour writing before publication or printing.





Unit 11 Lesson 3 (W.B. 76-77)

The Final frontier Set book Samples

<u> </u>	n the galaxy some epithets. Give examples.
	thets "the morning star" and "the evening
star''?	
3-Why is it very difficult for scientis	
4-Who were the first to visit Venus?	
	ifferences between the earth and Venus. Discuss
6- Are you for or against space touris	sm? Justify your answer.





Unit 11 Lesson 4-5 (S.B. 86-87)

The Final frontier

Lesson 4-5 (S.B. 86-87)		
Word	Definition	
Astronomical (adj.)	of or relating to the branch of science that deals with celestial objects, space, and the physical universe as a whole	
Conducive (adj.)	making a certain situation or outcome likely or possible	
Exceptionally (adv.)	Unusually	
Habitation (n.)	the state or process of living in a particular place	
Natural satellite (n.)	a naturally occurring object that orbits a planet, e. g. the moon	
On board (adj.)	available or situated on a ship, aircraft, or other vehicle	
Opportunity (n.)	a set of circumstances that makes it possible to do something	
Roughly (adv.)	in a manner lacking refinement and precision	
Solar system (n.)	the collection of nine planets and their moons in orbit around the sun,	
	together with smaller bodies in the form of asteroids, meteoroids, and	
4	comets	
Superb (adj.)	impressively splendid	
Wane (v.)	to decrease in vigour, power, or extent; to become weaker	





Unit 11 Lesson 4-5 (S.B. 86-87)

The Final frontier

A) Fill i	n the spaces with words	s from the list:		77 01
(astro	nomical - conducive -	wane - exception	ally - habitation - 1	natural satellite)
1.	The moon is the Earth's	s only		
2.	These bad conditions as	re not	to comfort and cr	reativity.
3.	NASA has a good grou	p of scientists specia	alized in	studies.
4.	The next two years will	l be	hard for us. We have	ve to undergo them.
5.	There are many houses	in this area which a	re not fit for human.	
B) From	a, b, c and d choose th	e suitable words:	,	
1.	The passengers haven't	got	yet.	
	a. across the board	b. by the board	c. on board	d. above board
2.	You should have gone	abroad to another co	ountry when you were	e young. It was a
	missed			
			c. habitation	d. quality
3.	The police officer grab			
	show his license.			
	a. roughly	b. smoothly	c. regularly	d. tolerantly
4.	Thec	onsists of a central s	etar (the sun) and the	bodies that orbit it.
	a. nervous system	b. urinary system	c. digestive system	d. solar system
5.	The audience clapped e	enthusiastically. The	new actor's performa	ance was
	a. superb	b. acceptable	c. mild	d. mediocre





Unit 11 Lesson 4-5 (S.B. 86-87)

The Final frontier

Set book Samples

1-Why has Mars held people's fascination for a long time?
2- How long does Mars year last?
3-Name the natural satellites of Mars?
4-Islamic civilization has played a major role in astronomical science. Explain.
5-The continual involvement of Muslims in Space is evident in Kuwait. How?





Unit 11 Lesson 7-8 (S.B. 88-89))

The Final frontier Vocabulary

	v ocabulat y		
A) Fill in the spaces with words from	n the list:		4
(abnormal - alerted - data - d	ual - durable -	economical - (GPS - mission)
1. The woman does not want to	have children at	all. I think she	is
2. How muchcar	n we store on on	e disc?	4)
3. Why don't you buy a Volvo?	As I know it is	a	car.
4by a no	ise downstairs, l	ne sat up and tui	rned on the light.
5. Women nowadays have a/an		role, one as a	mother and the other
as a working member.			
6. It is usually	to buy cooking	oil in large qua	antities.
7. Does your car have	service?		
B) From a, b, c and d choose the suit	table words:		
1. The atmosphere is badly affe	cted by the		of large quantities of
carbon dioxide into the air.			
a. mission b. em	ission c. se	ession	d. aggression
2. The government has assemble	ed many camera	s to	infiltrators along
the borders.			
a) revolve around b. orb	it c. e	xecute	d. monitor
3. The scientists' terrific discover	ery may	tł	ne treatment of cancer
a. revolutionize b. disp	oatch c. re	ealize	d. scrutinize
4. These houses are	designed for t	he elderly to lea	ad an easy life.
a. collectively b. theo			d. specifically





Unit 11 Lesson 7-8 (S.B. 88-89)

The Final frontier Set book Samples

1-List some technological advances	s that are spin-offs from technology developed for
space.	
2- How has space technology helpe	
	ed the wireless technology on Earth?
4-In your opinion, what benefits car	
Put the following words in meaningful	
I- Sentient:	
2- Approximately:	
3- Mission :	





Grammar

Active/Passive Verbs Continue
• Eitheror / Neithernor Make passive:-
1-Members may keep books for three weeks.
2- They have to deliver the letter by hand.
3- Someone ought to water the plants once a day.
4- You must pay the bill now.
5- Space shuttles can transport equipment into space.
6- They don't pay Tom very much.
7- Nobody told me that Hamad was ill.
8- I think they should have offered Adel the job.
9-I didn't realize that someone was recording our conversation.
10- They cancelled all flights because of fog.
11- They have changed the date of the meeting.
12-Jack told me that somebody had attacked and robbed him in the street.
13-The bill includes service.
14-They are building a new ring road round the city.
15- Somebody accused Jane of stealing the money.





B: Change from passive to active:-
1-The signpost has been tampered with.
2- The plans have been approved of.
3- Our friend will be given an injection.
4-Were the police informed?
5- We are being shown photographs of the criminal.
C) Complete the sentences with both/ neither/either. Sometimes you need of.
1- It wasn't a very good football match team played well.
2 of these pullovers are very nice. I don't know which one to buy.
3- "Do you mind which sandwich I take?" "No, take
4- "Is today the 18 th or the 19 th ?" "
5- A: Which of the two films do you prefer? B: Actually I don't likethem.
D) Correct the underlined mistakes in these sentences:-
1- The police officer said if I had get a driving license.
a b
2-The early radios, where were in large wood cases were heavy to lift.
a b
Language Functions
What would you say in these situations:-
1- I'd like to be an astronaut in the future. What do you think?
2- Your brothers think that space exploration is a waste of time and money.
3- Your American pen friend sees that Muslims have added nothing to humanity.
4- Your sister dreams of pushing herself to extreme limits.
5- One of your colleagues wants to go mountain climbing.





Complete the missing pars in the following dialogue

A: Have you seen the accident?	
B:	1
A: People say that it was a terrible one.	
B:	10,00
Literature Time	37.

Episode Five

Great Expectations
Charles Dickens

Sample Questions

Suggested Answers

1-In your opinion, what usually make people struggle?

Money and authority usually make people struggle.

2-What would you do if your found out that your colleague steals?

If I found out that my colleague steals, I would advise to stop that immediately and returns back what he has stolen.

3-When do you think a jury recommend a lighter sentence for a criminal?

I think a jury recommend a lighter sentence for a criminal when he gives up.





Unit:12

Lesson 1-2 (S.B. P 90-91)

A) Fill in the spaces with words form the list:
(abstract - arbitrarily - audience - BSc - digit - genius - outstanding)
 The team players were chosen completely It's not easy to introduce a/an
B) From a, b, c and d choose the suitable words:
1. Do your best and your results in the exams will be quite a. abhorrent b. abstract c. outstanding d. precocious 2. My son was a/an
Set Book Questions
1- What do we mean by "a child prodigy"? 2 -What are the advantages and disadvantages of being a child prodigy? Advantages: Disadvantages: 3-In your opinion, how should child prodigies be treated by their parents and teachers?
4- How can governments nurture and develop the talented minds?





A) Fill in the spaces with words form	the list:
(forum - sponsor - acquired - attire	
1. While the principal is away his	
2. If Ahmed doesn't find a	,he'll be forced to retire from athletics.
3. His wife wants to appear dressed in fo	rmal evening
4. A Kuwaiti person invented a/an	reactor to produce energy.
5. He'sa reputation for	r being so difficult to work with.
B) From a, b, c and d choose the suitable wor 6. The website serves as a useful a. medalist b. reactor 7. The government declared a ban on the	for the exchange of reader's views. c. forum d. sponsor
	c. virtuoso d. reactor
	almostin the history of nations.
	c. unprecedented d. precocious
a. moleculai b. abstract	c. unprecedented u. precocious
Set Book	Questions
1-What do you know about Geneva Invent	ion Saloon?
2-What did the Kuwaiti inventor, Ahmed	
International Fair for inventions? Why?	
3- Who is Sadeq Ahmed Al-Qassem? What	t achievement did he make at Geneva's
International Fair?	
4- The achievements of the Kuwaiti inventor	ors at Geneva's International Fair for
inventions was unparalleled. Discuss.	
	······································
5- How can the government of a country	encourage people to be creative?





A) Fill in	-	ords from the list:		
		ns - agonizing - ex		_
1.		lays	over whether to	join the faculty of
	medicine or engine	eering.		
				ome ministers and MPs
3.	That person spends	s his money	He never looks a	at the price of anything.
B) From	a.b.c and d choo	se the suitable word	ls:	
		st long. He is spendir		ntly on
		b. accusation		d. recipient
2		d and the		*
2.		b. jockey		d. virtuoso
3		the warmest		d. Virtuoso
3.	a season	h day	c decade	d. year
4	The police arrested	b. day the culprit, but he	c. decade	his guilt.
т.		b. accused	c. repudiated	d. agonized
	a. anghea	b. accasea	c. repudiated	u. ugomzeu
		Set Book Q	Questions	
a-A	child prodigy may	keep his / her talen	t until adulthood or	r lose it. Do you agree
or	disagree?	4 /	1	
	G	B		
•	•••••		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••••••••••••
•				•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
b-He	ow .do vou think. t	he mathematical ge	niuses are different	t from musical ones?
~	311)000 300 000	go.		V == 0== == == 0 V
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Unit :12

Lesson 4-5 (S.B. 92-93)

Grammar

Granmar
*Relative clauses and verbs ending in -ing
* Comparison of scale:as as
A)Example: That girl is Australian. (she is talking to Hessa) The girl talking to Hessa is Australian. Rewrite the sentences, using the information in brackets to make an —ing clause:-
1-A plane crashed into the sea yesterday. (it was carrying 80 passengers)
2-When I was walking home, there was a man. (he was following me)
3-I was woken up by the baby.(she was crying)
4-At the end of the street there is a path.(the path leads to the river)
5-Some paintings were stolen from the palace.(they belong to the queen)
B) Example: I'm quite tall but you are taller. I'm not as tall as you. Complete the sentences using asas:-
1-My salary is high but yours is higher.
My salary isn't
2-You know a bit about cars but I know more.
You don't
3-I still smoke but I used to smoke a lot more.
I don't
4-The weather is still unpleasant today but yesterday it was worse/
The weather isn't
5-I was a bit nervous before the interview but usually I'm a lot more nervous.
I wasn't
Correct the underlined mistakes in the following sentences:
1-Hamad will have his house <u>redecorate</u> next week by <u>an</u> famous interior designer.
a b
2-All the employees dislike him because he is used to treat them firm .
h h





Unit:12

Lesson 7-8 (S.B. 94-95)

\mathbf{A}	From a, b, c and d o	choose the suitable	words:			
1.	Choosing these athletes to represent their country is the highest					
	a. accolade	b. agreement	c. recipient	d. researcher		
2.	They planted a row of	of treeswit	th the edge of t	he road which looks fantastic.		
	a. abstract	b. attractive	c. aligned	d. outstanding		
3.	Because of the painfu	al excretion, the ma	an was advised	to have acheck-up		
	a. heart			_		
4.	The reward of those	who have faith and	do righteous d	leeds is Gardens of		
		b. Nomination	•	d. Forum		
R	Fill in the spaces wi	th words from the	list			
	_			eternity, researchers, recipients)		
1.						
2.						
3.						
<i>4</i> .						
5.						
<i>5</i> .						
7.		This scientist has developed an importanttechnique for detecting				
٠.	bladder cancer	cioped an importan		technique for detecting		
	bladder calleer	K				
		Languag	e Functions			
\mathbf{H}	ow would you react t	o the following sit	uations:-			
1-	There are no more tick	cets for the 11:00 fl	light to New Y	ork. What would you ask the airline		
	representative?		8	,		
_		C (1				
2-	You want to convince	•	-	·		
3-	State the capital of Eg	ypt as a fact.				
4-	Kuwait's International	Airport is in Ahm:	adi How woul	d von refute this?		
•	ixa wan 5 miomanona		adı. 110 w wodı	a you refute this.		
 E	Vous brothas this less th	ot wa shouldn't	sta tima an mas	nay on shild prodicing		
J-	Tour browler thinks th	at we shouldn't Wa	ste time of moi	ney on child prodigies.		





A: What would you like to be in the future? B:
A: But I like to be a teacher not a pilot. B:
A: I know it's a strenuous job and it needs hard work. Without it most people would be ignorant and illiterate.
B:
A: You are right. Faithfulness is a must. B: Yes the absence of constancy and faithfulness is something horrible.
A: I couldn't agree more. One should fear only Allah ,not people .
Unit 12 Focus On (S.B. 96)
Maha Al Ghunaim
Set Book Questions
1-Who is Maha Al Ghunaim?
2- Al Ghunaim received many awards and accolades. What do they include?
3- What are the aims of 'The Kuwaiti Chapter of Young Arab Leaders'?
4-According to Maha Al Ghunaim "Parents' support is essential in helping children to achieve success." Do you agree or disagree?





Literature Time

Great Expectations

Charles Dickens

	Charles Dickens
1.	What is the difference between a sea and a river?
2.	How can you help a drowning person?
3.	What would you do if you were in debt?
4.	How do you feel when you forgive someone?





Composition

Write on the following topic:

Being a child prodigy has many advantages and disadvantages. Plan and write a report of two paragraphs (14 sentences) about the advantages and disadvantages of being a child prodigy.

The following ideas will help you:

- Advantages:
 - o Talented
 - o Spending less time to understand complicated problems
 - o Distinguished among others
- Disadvantages:
 - o Not living his age
 - Has to work hard
 - o Not spending enough time with his friends

The report should include an introduction, a body and a conclusion.





* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *





VI- Reading Comprehension & Summary Making (100 Marks)

Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

Lisa was an A student in high school, but after two years in college, she has changed her major four times already. She now suffers from sleeping and eating disorders. She believes she has no friends and doesn't know what to do.

What is happening to Lisa happens to millions of new college students each year. It is called student shock. Going to college has its ups and downs, but to some students the downs are more numerous and difficult for students to handle and so leave them in a complete shock.

There are reasons why new college students suffer at the beginning even more than the earlier generation. First is the weakening family support structure. The transition from high school to college has always been difficult, but in the past there was more family support to help students get through <u>it</u>. Today, with divorce rates and unstable families, the traditional family is no longer there to provide support and guidance. Some families even think that their part is over as soon as their children join a college.

Another major cause is the large selection of majors available. As a result, students switch majors a couple of times which costs them extra years to graduate. It becomes also <u>depressing</u> for such students that they have taken courses that don't count toward a degree and added to their tuition costs.

While there is no magic cure for student shock, colleges have started to recognize the problem and are starting a number of ways to help. Most colleges have upgraded their psychological counseling centers to handle the greater demand for services. In addition, many schools are improving their vocational counseling services by giving students information about possible majors and career choices. In some colleges, first-year students are required to attend major career workshops as part of the advising process. Sometimes, colleges train senior students to detect such problems and offer the needed help at the right time.

If you feel <u>overwhelmed</u> by your college experience, remember that you are not alone. Students of different backgrounds start college with much anxiety. Many have experienced it before you and colleges certainly want you to succeed. So don't feel reluctant to speak up and seek professional help to get through your study.





A) From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer: (5x10 = 50 M) 1. The best title for the passage would be

a. New college students' anxiety.c. The unstable families.	b. The main job of colleges.d. School's role in preparing students.				
2. The word <u>it</u> in the third paragraph refers to a. family support of high school students. c. the traditional educated family.	b. the transition from high school to college. d. the earlier college generation.				
3. The opposite of the word <u>overwhelmed</u> in the land a. overpowered. c. whipped.	ast paragraph isb. defeated. d. inspired.				
4. The same meaning of the word <u>depressing</u> in th a. heartbreaking.c. encouraging.	e fourth paragraph is b. bright. d. comforting.				
5. The main idea of the 5 th paragraph is					
B) Answer the following questions: $(4x7.5 = 30)$					
6. Who are the students who suffer from student s	shock?				
7. How do families contribute to students' having	problems at college?				
8. What problems do students who keep switching	majors face?				
9. Why are first-year students asked to attend major	or career workshops?				
C) Summary Making:(20 M)					
In about four sentences of your own and wit	h reference to the fifth paragraph mention				
the different ways adopted by schools and colleges	s to solve the problem of student shock.				





VII- Translation (30M)

A) Translate into good Arabic: (20 M)

	ollege experience, remember that you are not alone.
Č	llege with much anxiety. Many have experienced it
before you and colleges certainly want you	u to succeed. So don't feel reluctant to speak up and
seek professional help to get through your	etudy
seek professional help to get unough your	study.
•••••	
B) Translate into English:(10 M)	
	 أطلق الروس اول مهمة لكوكب الزهرة في عام 1962.
ثروة أو لإرضاء فضولهم.	2) يدفع المغامرون بأنفسهم لأقصى الحدود من أجل الشهرة, ال
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	***************************************