



مدرسة الصابرة الحبشية
اللغة الانجليزية
الصف الرابع
الفصل الثاني

Exercises for Punctuation

@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@

****Match the capital & small letters:**

A *
B *
C *
D *
E *
F *

* c
* d
* b
* e
* f
* a

G *
H *
I *
J *
K *
L *

* h
* g
* j
* l
* k
* i

M *
N *
O *
P *
Q *
R *
S *

* o
* p
* r
* m
* s
* q
* n

T *
U *
V *
W *
X *
Y *
Z *

* w
* u
* x
* y
* v
* z
* t

تصريفات الأفعال الموجودة بمنهج الصف الرابع

<u>المعنى</u>	<u>Infinitive</u>	<u>Past</u>	<u>Past Participle</u>
يعمل	work	worked	worked
يبتسم	smile	smiled	smiled
يذهب	go	went	gone
يتصل	phone	phoned	phoned
يبارك	bless	blessed	blessed
يلد	bear	born	born
ينام	sleep	slept	slept
يرقص	dance	danced	danced
يتغير	change	changed	changed
ينمو	grow	grew	grown
يتحرك	move	moved	moved
يشير	wave	waved	waved
يقابل	meet	met	met
يأخذ	take	took	taken
يقول	say	said	said
يحب	like	liked	liked
يلعب	play	played	played
يريد	want	wanted	wanted
ياكل	eat	ate	eaten
يتسلق	climb	climbed	climbed
يقفز	jump	jumped	jumped
يكون	be	am/is/are	was/were
يملك/يتناول	has/have	had	had
يشرب	drink	drank	drunk
يأتي	come	came	come
يعمل	make	made	made
يطير	fly	flew	flown
يجمع	collect	collected	collected
يرى	see	saw	seen
يسجل	score	scored	scored
يزور	visit	visited	visited

↓
الكلمات الدالة
 Always
 Usually- never
 Sometimes- Every
 has/have/had بعد

↓
الكلمات الدالة
 yesterday
 last-ago
 أي سنة قبل الحالية

↓
الكلمات الدالة
 since
 for

Question words

أدوات الاستفهام

أداة الاستفهام	معناها	استخدامها	مثال
What	ما/ماذا	تسأل عن <u>شيء غير عاقل</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What's your hobby? - My hobby is swimming.
Where	أين	تسأل عن <u>مكان</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Where are you from? - I'm from Kuwait.
When	متى	تسأل عن <u>وقت</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When do you get up? - I get up at 6 o'clock
Why	لماذا	تسأل عن <u>سبب</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Why do you go to school? - I go to school to learn.
Who	من	تسأل عن <u>شخص</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Who do you go to the zoo with? - I go to the zoo with my mother.
How	كيف	تسأل عن <u>الوسيلة</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How do you go to school? - I go to school by car.
How many	كم العدد	تسأل عن <u>العدد</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How many lessons do you have every day? - I have 7 lessons every day.
How much	كم السعر كم الكمية	تسأل عن <u>السعر</u> تسأل عن <u>الكمية</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How much is the kilo of banana? It's one KD. • How much water do you drink every day? — One bottle.
How old	كم العمر	تسأل عن <u>العمر</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How old are you? - I'm 10 years old.
How long	كم المدة	تسأل عن <u>المدة</u>	How long have you been in Al-Sabra?- A year

Long / Short Forms

اختصارات

No	Long / short Forms	No	Long / short Forms
1	I am = I'm	28	Was not = Wasn't
2	He is = He ' s	29	Were not = Weren't
3	She is = She ' s	30	Cannot = can't
4	It is = It ' s	31	Will not = won't
5	You are = You're	32	Must not = mustn't
6	They are = They're	33	Would not = Wouldn't
7	We are = We ' re	34	Do not = Don't
8	He has = He's	35	Does not = Doesn't
9	She has = She ' s	36	Did not = Didn't
10	It has = It' s	37	Could not = Couldn't
11	I have = I've	38	Doctor = Dr.
12	You have = You've	39	Let us = Let's
13	We have = We've	40	Okay = OK
14	They have = They've	41	Saturday = Sat.
15	I had = I'd	42	Sunday = Sun.
16	He had = He'd	43	Monday = Mon.
17	They had = They'd	44	Tuesday = Tue.
18	I will = I'll	45	Wednesday = Wed.
19	He will = He'll	46	Thursday = Thurs.
20	They will = They'll	47	January = Jan.
21	I would = I'd	48	February = Feb.
22	We would = We'd	49	March = Mar.
23	They would = They'd	50	May = May
24	Is not = Isn't	51	August = Aug.
25	Are not = Aren't	52	September = Sept.
26	Has not = Hasn't	53	November = Nov.
27	Have not = Haven't	54	December = Dec.

Summary of Unit Nine

Vocabulary مفردات

- * around حول → The cat is going around the house.
- * close قريب → My school is close to my house.
- * Earth  كوكب الأرض → All the living things live on the Earth.
- * far بعيدا → I can't go to the club on foot. It's so far.
- * ask يسأل → The teacher asked me about the Earth.
- * question سؤال → This is an easy question: "What's your hobby?".
- * different مختلف → The moon is different from the sun..
- * large كبير → The Earth is like a very large ball.
- * need يحتاج → Plants need water, air, and sunshine to live.
- * planet  كوكب → The Earth is one of the eight planets in the sky.
- * year سنة → There are 356 days in the year.
- * planetarium مرصد → Let's go to the planetarium to learn about the Earth, the moon, and the stars.
- * round دائري → The Earth is a round shape like a ball.
- * sky سماء  → We can see the moon and the stars in the sky at night.
- *****

Grammar قواعد

* Comparative: المقارنة

إذا أردنا أن نقارن بين اثنين نضع في آخر الصفة (er) ونضع بعد الصفة (than)

* Superlative: التفضيل

إذا أردنا أن نفضل شيء أو شخص على مجموعة نضع في آخر الصفة (est) ونضع قبل الصفة (the)

close	<u>closer</u> (than)	(the) <u>closest</u>
far	<u>farther</u> (than)	(the) <u>farthest</u>
large	<u>larger</u> (than)	(the) <u>largest</u>
long	<u>longer</u> (than)	(the) <u>longest</u>

* Present Simple: لمضارع البسيط: How long does it take the moon to go around the Earth?

- It takes a month to go around the Earth.

وظائف لغوية Functions

- A: The sun is a planet. → B: That's wrong.
A: Planets close to the sun are hot → B: That's right.
A: Is the moon a star? → B: No, it isn't.
A: Is the Earth a planet? → B: Yes, it is.
A: Do you like going to the planetarium? → B: Yes, I do. / No, I don't.
A: Can you live on the moon? → B: No, I can't.

أسئلة الكتاب Set book

- 1) How many planets are there?
- There are eight planets.
- 2) What can you learn at the planetarium?
- I can learn about the Earth, the moon and stars.
- 3) Where do we live?
- We live on the Earth.
- 4) Is the sun a planet?
- No, it isn't. It's a star.
- 5) How long does the Earth take to go around the sun?
- It takes one year to go around the sun.
- 6) How long does the moon take to go around the Earth?
- It takes one month to go around the Earth.

Reading comprehension

* Read the following table and answer questions:

<u>Teachers</u>	<u>Subjects</u>	<u>Age</u>	<u>Nationality</u>
Mr. Ahmed	English	30	Egyptian
Mr. Fawaz	Arabic	25	Kuwaiti
Mr. Zain	Maths	35	Syrian
Mr. Tamer	Art	28	Egyptian

A) Answer the following questions:

1) How old is Mr. Zain ?

.....

2) What does Mr. Fawaz teach?

.....

B- Mark (√) next to the true answer and (X) next to the false one:

3) Mr. Ahmed and Mr. Tamer have the same nationality جنسية. ()

4) Mr. Zain teaches Art. ()

C- Underline the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

5- Mr. Ahmed is years old.

a) 30 b) 25 c) 35 d) 28

6- Mr. Fawaz is a/ an

a) Saudi b) Syrian c) Egyptian d) Kuwaiti

Reading comprehension

Read the following passage and answer the following questions:

Hoor is having a birthday party. Her birthday is on 14th March. She is eight years old. She invited all her friends. Nine friends from school came to the party. Her grandpa and grandma also came. There were a lot of balloons. The girls tried to pop most of them. Hoor blew out the candles on her cake, then she opened her presents. She got lots of dolls and toys from her friends. Her grandparents got her a pretty new dress.

1)friends came to the party.

- a) Five b) Nine c) Eleven d) Two

2) Hoor's grandparents got her a new

- a) Party b) year c) friend d) dress

3) March 14th is Hoor's

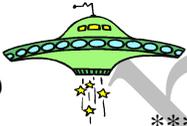
- a) National Day b) Mother's Day c) birthday d) Holiday

4) The underlined word "them" refers to.....

- a) balloons b) years c) friends d) grandpa and grandma

Summary of Unit Ten

Vocabulary مفردات

- * footprints أثار أقدام → We left our footprints on the beach when we went there.
- * land هبط  → The plane landed yesterday at 8:00 o'clock.
- * last غادر/ترك → This is the last English letter" z"
- * look like يشبه → My mother looks like a flower in the garden of my life.
- * noise ضوضاء → Don't make any noise. The baby is sleeping.
- * proudly بفخر → Sheikh Sobah Al- Ahmad held the Kuwaiti flag proudly.
- * quiet هادئ → We should be quiet in the class.
- * quietly بهدوء → The children listened to the story quietly.
- * rocks صخور → There were many rocks on the moon.
- * soil تربة  → Plants need good soil to grow in.
- * space man رجل فضاء  → I saw a space man landing on the moon on the TV.
- * space ship سفينة فضاء  → Space men go to the moon by a space ship.
- *****

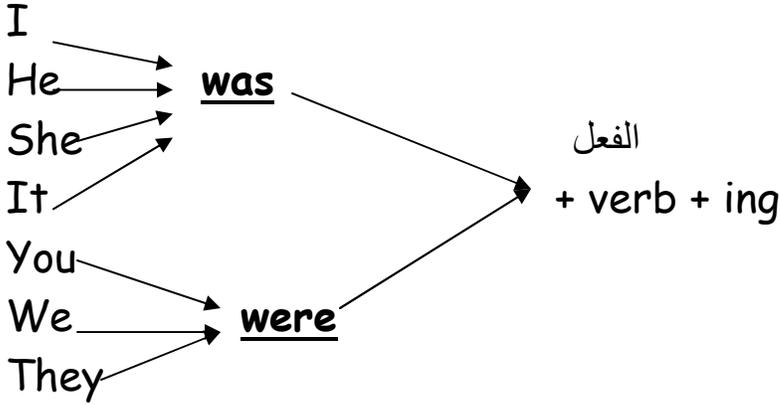
Grammar قواعد

- 1) ** Is there (هل يوجد؟) للسؤال عن المفرد وغير المعدود → Is there any plant on the moon?
→ Is there any noise on the moon?
- ** Are there (هل يوجد؟) للسؤال عن الجمع و المعدود → Are there any plants on the moon?

- 2) ** some → تأتي في الجملة المثبتة → I have some money.
any → تأتي في السؤال و النفي → I haven't got any money.
→ Have you got any money?

3 Present Simple: لمضارع البسيط: The moon goes around the Earth in twenty- seven days

4) ** Past continuous: الماضي المستمر → ويتكون من



** The spaceman was collecting some rocks and some soil.

** The spacemen were collecting some rocks and some soil.

وظائف لغوية

A: Is there any milk in the fridge? → B: Yes, there is. / No, there isn't.

A: Are there any chairs in the room? → B: Yes, there are. / No, there aren't.

A: Have you got any juice? → B: Yes, I have got some. / No, I haven't got any

A: What were you doing? → B: I was praying.

أسئلة الكتاب

1) Is the moon a planet?

- No, It's a big ball of rock.

2) How do spacemen go to the moon?

- They go by a space ship.

3) What was it like on the moon?

- There were some rocks. / There was some soil. / There were no plants or animals.

There wasn't any noise / There wasn't any wind. It was very quiet on the moon.

4) What did the spacemen collect from the moon?

- They collected some soil and some rocks.

5) What did the spacemen leave on the moon?

- They left their footprints

Reading comprehension

Read the following passage and answer the following questions:

Othman is a very old man. He is seventy years old. He wears a pair of glasses. Twenty years ago, Othman was living in a big house with his family. The house was next to the sea. Othman had got a small garden around his house. He grew vegetables and fruit in the garden. In the past, Othman's family ate a lot of fish and fresh vegetables from it.

1) There was a garden around the house

- a) small b) big c) large d) short

2) Othman was living in a big

- a) garden b) building c) house d) villa

3) Othman is a very old

- a) woman b) man c) boy d) girl

4) The underline (It) in the last line refers to.....

- a) The family b) The house
c) The sea d) The garden

Summary of Unit Eleven

Vocabulary مفردات

- * cut (down)  يقطع —————> We shouldn't **cut down** trees or flowers.
- * look after يعتني بـ —————> Mothers **look after** their children.
- * plant يزرع —————> We should **plant** trees every where.
- * bad سيء —————> We can't plant good trees in **bad** soil.
- * shade ظل —————> In summer, we need the **shade** of trees.
- * strong قوي —————> My brother is **strong**. He can move this heavy table.
- * too أيضا —————> I like English, and I like Arabic , **too**.
- * world العالم —————> We can see all the **world** on T.v .

Grammar قواعد

- * **Present simple tense:** زمن المضارع البسيط
_ **He likes** eating honey. / **She likes** eating honey. / **It likes** eating honey.
_ **I like** eating honey. / **We like** eating honey. / **They like** eating honey. / **You like** eating honey.

** مع الضمائر He/She/It و المفرد يوضع في نهاية الفعل (s)

** مع الضمائر I/You/We/They والجمع يوضع الفعل بدون

- * **Present continuous tense:** زمن المضارع المستمر

I am reading.

He/She/It is reading.

You/We/They are reading.

- * **good to, bad to:** بعدهم يأتي فعل بدون إضافات (مصدر)

- It's good **to plant** a tree.

- It's bad **to cut** down a tree.

- * **Must/ Mustn't:** يجب / يجب ألا

يوضع بعدهما الفعل بدون أي إضافات

We **must look after** the trees.

You **mustn't cut down** trees.

وظائف لغوية Functions

- A: What are you doing? —————> B: I'm planting a tree.
A: We are lucky to live in Kuwait. —————> B: That's right.
A: Ali is watering plants. —————> B: Well done.
A: Maha is cutting down the tree. —————> B: It's bad to cut down trees.

أسئلة الكتاب Set book

1)What do trees give us?

-Trees give us food and shade.

2)What do trees need to grow?

- They need water, air, good soil and sunshine.

3)Why do animals and birds need trees?

- They need trees for their homes.

4)How can we look after plants?

- We can give them water, good soil and put them in the sun.

It's good to...	It's bad to.....
Plant a tree	Cut (down) a tree
Water a plant	Eat too much sweets
Eat fruits and vegetables	Drink fizzy drinks

Grammar

**** Read the following sentences and choose from a,b,c, or d:**

1- Alia is ----- a tree.

- a) draw b) draws c) drawing d) drew

2- A tree ----- us food and shade.

- a) give b) gives c) giving d) gave

3- Trees ----- water to grow.

- a) need b) needs c) needed d) has needed

4- It's good ----- eat salad.

- a) in b) to c) on d) at

5- My friends ----- watering the plants in the garden.

- a) is b) was c) am d) are

6- You must----- when the traffic light is red.

- a) stop b) stopped c) stops d) stopping

7- Look ! Mona ----- climbing the tree.

- a) was b) are c) were d) is

8- Cats are ----- in the park.

- a) run b) ran c) runs d) running

9- You mustn't----- to school late.

- a) go b) goes c) went d) going

Summary of Unit Twelve

Vocabulary مفردات

- * beak  منقار → The duck has a long **beak**.
- * danger  خطر → Don't go swimming alone. You will be in **danger**.
- * frighten  يخيف → Don't **frighten** your little sister. She will not sleep well.
- * kind لطيف → My teachers are so **kind** with me.
- * nature طبيعة → I like to go to the desert and look at the **nature** around me.
- * quick سريع → The rabbit is a **quick** animal.
- * bring يحضر → I want to **bring** a flower to my Mum.
- * rare نادر → We can see **rare** animals and plants in the Nature Park.
- * safe آمن → Oh God! Keep our dear country Kuwait **safe** forever
- * safely بأمان → All people live in Kuwait **safely**.
- * sharp حاد → The rare bird has got a **sharp** beak
- * skirt تنوره → I like to wear long **skirts**.
- * spotted منقط → This **spotted** shirt is very nice.

Grammar قواعد

- 1)* **Present tense:** المضارع البسيط
- What **does** it look like? - It **has** got lots of water.

- 2)* **should, shouldn't:** بعدهم يأتي فعل بدون إضافات (مصدر)
- We **should be** kind to every one.
- We **shouldn't touch** rare birds.

وظائف لغوية Functions

A: What does that bird look like? —————> B: It is red with long tail and short beak.

A: I saw a rare bird. —————> B: You should call the Nature Park.

A: Let's go to the Nature Park. —————> B: OK

أسئلة الكتاب Set book

1)What is a Nature Park?

- It's a place for animals, birds and plants in danger.

2)What should you do when you see a rare bird?

- I should be kind to it./ I should call the Nature park./ I should take a photo.

3)What shouldn't you do when you see a rare animal/ bird?

- I shouldn't touch it./ I shouldn't frighten it.

4)When was the new Nature Park opened?

- It was opened in March 2004.

When we see a rare bird

We should.....	We shouldn't...
Take a photo	Touch it
Be kind to it	Frighten it
Phone the Nature Park	Come near it

Writtenwork Unit Twelve

Vocabulary

**** Read the following sentences and choose from a,b,c, or d:**

1- I 'd like to buy a blue-----

- a) beak b) Nature Park c) skirt d) danger

2- When you walk alone at night you are in -----

- a) nature b) beak c) skirt d) danger

3- The ----- is a safe place for animals..

- a) beak b) Nature Park c) skirt d) danger

4-You should be -----to your sisters .

- a) quick b) sharp c) kind d) rare

5- Don't ----- your little brother. He is crying at night.

- a) bring b) frighten c) cut down d) plant

6- This knife is very ----- . Take care.

- a) safe b) sharp c) kind d) rare

7- The ----- of the parrot is short..

- a) beak b) Nature Park c) skirt d) danger

8-This plant is ----- . No one saw it before.

- a) quick b) sharp c) kind d) rare

Grammar

**** Read the following sentences and choose from a,b,c, or d:**

1-The sun -----everyday.

- a) rise b) rises c) rising d) rose

2-Nasser is ----- his homework.

- a) do b) doing c) does d) did

3-You ----- go to school early .

- a) shouldn't b) mustn't c) should d) can't

4- I ----- meet my friend tomorrow .

- a) will b) is c) can d) are

5- My grandparents ----- got a big villa .

- a) have b) has c) had d) having

6- The cat ----- got a long tail.

- a) have b) has c) had d) having

7- She always ----- a flower to her mother everyday.

- a) give b) gives c) gave d) giving

8- You shouldn't ----- with a knife .

- a) play b) plays c) played d) playing

9- You should ----- early everyday.

- a) sleep b) sleeps c) slept d) sleeping

10- Every child ----- play in the street.

- a) shouldn't b) mustn't c) should d) can't

Comprehension

*** Read the following passage and answer questions:**

Ali's uncle has a beautiful farm .It is near Al- Jahra City. There are many animals there :horses ,sheep ,cows ,hens and ducks. Yesterday, Ali went to the farm with his father .He invited his family to come with him .They drank fresh milk and ate eggs and cheese for breakfast .They also drank fresh juice and ate meat and chicken for lunch. Ali played with the farm animals and he felt very happy .

A. Tick (✓) next to the true sentence and (x) next to the false one:

1. Ali went to the farm, yesterday. ()
2. They had meat and eggs for lunch . ()
3. Ali played with the farm animals. ()

B- Underline the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- 4- He in the last line refers to ----- .
- | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| a) Ali | b) Ali's uncle |
| c) Ali's father | d) Ali's friend |
- 5- The best title for this passage is ----- .
- | | |
|------------------------|------------|
| a) A visit to the farm | b) Flowers |
| c) Hobbies | d) Walking |

Summary of Unit Thirteen

Vocabulary مفردات

- *brush فرشاة → I need a **brush** to paint.
- * bottom أسفل → There is a picture in the **bottom** of the page.
- * Kuwaiti كويتي → You should be proud you are a **Kuwaiti**.

- * Lebanon لبنان → I'd like to visit **Lebanon** in the summer holiday.

- *Lebanese لبناني Al-Hariri was a brave **Lebanese**. He worked hard for his country.

- * main رئيسي → The **main** thing for all parents is to look after their children
- * own ملكية → This is our own flag.

- * pillar ركن / شعاع → The Saudi flag has the main **pillar** of Islam.
- *Saudi Arabia السعودية → Every Muslim would like to visit **Saudi Arabia**

- * Saudi سعودي → The colour of the **Saudi** flag is green.

- * shape شكل → There is a black **shape** in the Kuwaiti flag.
- *stripes خطوط → The Syrian flag has got red, white and black **stripes**.
- * sword سيف → There is a sword in the flag of Saudi Arabia.
- * Syria سوريا → In **Syria** the weather is nice in summer.

- *Syrian سوري → The **Syrian** flag has got two green stars in the middle.
- *middle وسط → The Syrian flag has got two green stars in the **middle**.
- * proud فخور → We are **proud** of our flag.

Grammar قواعد

1)* Present continuous tense:

زمن المضارع المستمر

I am reading.

He/She/It is reading.

You/We/They are reading.

2)* Present perfect tense:

زمن المضارع التام

- Have you got any brown paint?

- The Kuwaiti flag has got green, white and red stripes.

Functions وظائف لغوية

A: What are you doing? → B: I'm making a flag.

A: Have you got any brown paint? → B: Yes, I have. / No, I haven't.

A: Do you want a brush? → B: No, thanks. I don't need one.

A: What's Amal doing? → B : I don't Know.

Set book أسئلة الكتاب

1) What does the Kuwaiti flag look like?

- It's got green, white and red stripes, and a black shape in the middle.

2) What does the Lebanese flag look like?

- It's got red and white stripes and a tree in the middle.

3) What does the Syrian flag look like?

- It's got two green stars on a white stripe in the middle.

4) What does the Saudi flag look like?

- It's got a white sword under the main pillar of Islam.

5) What do you need to paint a flag?

- I need a brush and some paints.

countries	drawing
Kuwait	brush
Saudi Arabia	paint
Syria	shape
Lebanon	stripe

Writtenwork

Unit Thirteen

Vocabulary

**** Read the following sentences and choose from a,b,c, or d:**

1- The Syrian flag has got three -----.

- a) swords b) stripes c) pillars d) shapes

2- The ----- flag has got red and white stripes.

- a) Syrian b) Kuwaiti c) Lebanese d) Saudi Arabia

3- In the Kuwaiti flag the red stripes are in the -----.

- a) sword b) brush c) middle d) bottom

4- -----flag has got the main pillar of Islam.

- a) Syrian b) Kuwaiti c) Lebanese d) Saudi Arabia

5- My skirt has got black and white -----.

- a) swords b) stripes c) pillars d) shapes

6- The ----- thing to do everyday is praying on time.

- a) spotted b) main c) proud d) quick

7- You need a ----- to colour this picture.

- a) sword b) brush c) stripe d) shape

8- This man comes from Lebanon. He is a

- a) Syrian b) Saudi c) Kuwaiti d) Lebanese

Summary of Unit Fourteen

Vocabulary مفردات

- * Bahrain البحرين → The Bahraini flag has only two colours: red and white
- * helmet خوذة → Wearing helmets is good for driving safely in races.
- * driver سائق → The driver is someone who drives cars, buses and trucks.
- * coffee قهوة → It's not good for children to drink coffee.
- * drive يقود → My mother learned how to drive a car.
- * minute دقيقة → I need a minute to be ready.
- * wonderful رائع → Teachers are wonderful people.
- * (get) ready يستعد → We should get ready for the exams.
- * take place يقع/يحدث → The race is going to take place in Kuwait.
- * track مسار → The race was on a wonderful new track.
- * finish ينهي- ينتهي → Let's finish cleaning the room.

Grammar قواعد

* Present simple tense: زمن المضارع البسيط

Key words: الكلمات الدالة على الزمن: always- usually-sometimes-never

__ He usually likes eating honey./ She always plays tennis/ It likes eating honey.

__ I like eating honey. / We some times swim in the sea. / They never drink fizzy drinks./ You like eating honey.

** مع الضمائر He/She/It و المفرد يوضع في نهاية الفعل (s)

** مع الضمائر I/You/We/They والجمع يوضع الفعل بدون

وظائف لغوية Functions

- A: Let's have a race. → B: OK.
A: My friend won the race. → B: Well done.
A: Can I ask you some questions? → B: Yes, of course.
A: I'll wave for you. → B: Thank you.
A: How fast do the cars drive? → B: The cars drive very fast.

أسئلة الكتاب Set book

- 1) What do drivers Always do the night before the race?
- They Always go to bed early the night before the race .
- 2) What do the drivers usually eat the evening before the race?
- They usually eat a healthy dinner the evening before the race.
- 3) What do the drivers usually drink before the race?
- They usually drink fruit juice or water before the race.
- 4) What do the drivers always wear in the race?
- They always wear helmets.
- 5) Why do drivers wear helmets?
- To drive safely.

Grammar

**** Read the following sentences and choose from a,b,c, or d:**

1- The first lesson ----- going to start in five minutes.

- a) am b) is c) are d) were

2- We ----- go to school on Friday.

- a) always b) usually c) never d) sometimes

3- My sister ----- the race, yesterday.

- a) win b) won c) will win d) wins

4- The young boy was the ----- in the class.

- a) tall b) taller c) tallest d) taller than

5-My brother always ----- very fast.

- a) drive b)drove c) driving d) drives

6- Salem usually ----- his homework in the evening.

- a) doing b) do c) does d) did

~~~~~

## Listening Comprehension

**Listen to the passage and choose from a,b,c, or d:**

1)Ahmad and ..... live in Kuwait.

- a)Lyla            b)Salem            c)Nora            d)Dana

2)Ahmed likes .....in the sea at Salmiya.

- a) Sailing            b) swimming            c) playing            d) fishing

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Summary of Unit Fifteen

Vocabulary مفردات

- * holiday عطلّة → We went to Lebanon on holiday.
- * high عاليا → We went high up the mountains.
- * Oman عمان → Our friends had a good holiday in Oman last summer
- * hotel فندق → We stayed in a hotel in Oman.
- * skiing التزلج → My favourite hobby is skiing on ice.
- * museum متحف → There are wonderful museums in Syria.
- * rug سجادة → I saw a beautiful rug made of wool.
- * view منظر طبيعي → When you go to the mountains you can see beautiful views.
- * wool صوف → We get wool from sheep and goat.
- *****

Car race...	Nature	We travel by..	Time
helmet	mountains	plane	summer
car	view	bus	autumn
track	desert	train	winter
driver	beach	boat	spring

Grammar قواعد

** Prepositions: حروف الجر :

- * I went to the club → at six o'clock. () قبل الساعات نضع ()
→ on Monday. () قبل أيام الأسبوع نضع ()
→ in March. () قبل شهور السنة نضع ()
→ in spring. () قبل الأربعة فصول نضع ()
→ in 2009. () قبل السنين نضع ()
→ by car. () قبل وسائل المواصلات نضع ()

Functions وظائف لغوية

- A: Did you have a good holiday? → B: Yes, thank you. We went to Oman.
A: What was it like? → B: It was fun.
A: Here's a present for you ? → B: Thank you.
A: Where did you stay in Oman? → B: We stayed in a hotel.

Set book أسئلة الكتاب

1) How do you go to Oman?

- I go to Oman by plane.

2) Who make wool from the goat hair in Oman?

- Women make wool from the goat hair in Oman.

3) What do the men make from the wool in Oman?

- The men make beautiful rugs from the wool.

4) How do the women colour the wool ?

- They use the plants to colour it.

Grammar

**** Read the following sentences and choose from a,b,c, or d:**

1- Who -----wool from goat hair?

- a) makes b) make c) made d) making

2-Last week we ----- the mountains.

- a) see b) saw c) seen d) seeing

3- We stayed ----- the sea.

- a) on b) in c) by d) at

4- We have lots ----- colours.

- a) at b) on c) of d) in

5- We went to Oman----- holiday.

- a) at b) on c) in d) by

6- We go to school ----- seven o'clock.

- a) at b) on c) in d) by

7- Did you ----- a good holiday?

- a) has b) had c) have d) having

8- We go to the zoo ----- car.

- a) at b) by c) of d) in

9- How ----- you go to Oman last week?

- a) do b) does c) did d) doing

Comprehension

*** Read the following table and answer questions:**

<u>Countries</u>	<u>Flags</u>	<u>We can visit</u>
Lebanon		Mountains
Saudi Arabia		Al-Kaaba
Syria		Mountains
Kuwait		Towers

A) Answer the following questions:

1) What does the Kuwaiti flag look like ?

.....

2) Where can we see the Towers?

.....

B- Mark (√) next to the true answer and (X) next to the false one:

3) We can visit the wonderful mountains in Lebanon only. ()

4) The Syrian flag has got two stars in the middle. ()

C- Underline the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

5- The main pillar of Islam is found in the Flag.

- a) Lebanese b) Kuwaiti c) Saudi Arabia d) Syrian

Summary of Unit sixteen

Vocabulary مفردات

- * again مرة ثانية → Repeat this word again " market".
- * exciting مثير → It's exciting to be in Beirut again.
- * fewer أقل → There are fewer people at Mount Lebanon.
- * market  سوق → There are modern markets in Kuwait.
- * later فيما بعد → Now, we study our lessons. Later, we are going to watch TV.
- * idea فكرة → "Let's go to the sea." - " That's a good idea".
- * restaurant مطعم → I like to have a meal at this restaurant.

buildings	places
museum	Mount Lebanon
hotel	Nature Park
mosque	Rainbow Island
restaurant	Beirut

Grammar قواعد

* **suggestion:** للاقتراح

- **Shall we** (go to the museum/ go shopping.....) ?

- What a good idea./ No, I like going/ I want to...../ No, we went there before.

** **Future form with (going to):** المستقبل باستخدام

I → am

He → + **going to+ play.**

She → is

It →

You →

We → are + **going to+ play.**

They →

** He is **going to have** a shower.

** They are **going to eat** a cake.

Functions وظائف لغوية

A: Shall we go to the sea? → B: That's a good idea.

A: I'd like to go the beach. → B: We went to the beach last week.

A: Do you have any idea about going out? → B: No, I'm tired.

Set book أسئلة الكتاب

1) What can you see in Lebanon?

- I can see Mount Lebanon, Rainbow Island, Al- Omari Mosque, and the Nature Park.

2) What can you do in Lebanon?

- I can go skiing, go shopping or visit many places.

3) Where is Beirut?

- It's in Lebanon by the sea.

Writtenwork Unit Sixteen

Vocabulary

**** Read the following sentences and choose from a,b,c, or d:**

1- There are lots of ----- in this story.

- a) ideas b) markets c) museums d) restaurants

2- I like to eat at home. I don't like eating at -----.

- a) ideas b) markets c) museums d) restaurants

3- I have no ----- about Ali's birthday.

- a) idea b) market c) museum d) restaurant

4- There are lot's of ----- in this story.

- a) ideas b) markets c) museums d) restaurants

~~~~~

## Grammar

**\*\* Read the following sentences and choose from a,b,c, or d:**

1- Last summer we ----- go to Lebanon.

- a) go      b) goes      c) going      d) went

2- Nasser is going to ----- tennis today.

- a) play      b) plays      c) played      d) playing

3- What is she doing ? She's ----- the wool.

- a) make      b) makes      c) making      d) made

4- I don't have ----- idea about the party.

- a) some      b) any      c) no      d) many

5- Shall we ----- to the mosque?

- a) go      b) goes      c) going      d) went







