



# Remedial Exercises

Grade 12

Third Period



**Remedial Exercises**

**I. Vocabulary**

**From a, b, c and d choose the word that best completes the following.**

- 1- People thought that the use of robots would....boring factory jobs.  
a-make up      b-do up      c-do without      d-do away with
- 2- Restaurants and terrace cafes are .....part of the social life of the city.  
a-onerous      b-drowsy      c-geriatric      d-integral
- 3-It is true that.....in Europe has increased greatly in the 20<sup>th</sup> century.  
a-dispute      b-commentary      c-expectation      d-life expectancy
- 4-I tried to.....my surprise when she told me her age.  
a-conceal      b-honour      c-cycle      d-do without
- 5- The local authorities have decided to build a .....clinic in the city.  
a-restful      b-shallow      c-geriatric      d-vigorous

**From a, b, c and d choose the word that best completes the following**

- 1- I was .....to hear that people were crushed to death in the crowd.  
a-palatial      b-deserted      c-astounded      d-tranquil
- 2- The river serves as the line of.....between the two countries.  
a-disturbance      b-demarcation      c-depopulation      d-infrastructure
- 3- We didn't expect to .....Ahmed in London last week.  
a-reverse      b-narrate      c-bump into      d-deserve

4- We cannot deny that many difficulties can arise from the.....differences.

a-metropolis      b-contentment      c-skyline      d-socioeconomic

5- I have taken the important things, but there are a few.....left to collect.

a-hustle and bustle      b-odds and ends      c-far and wide      d-pluck up the courage

**From a, b, c and d choose the word that best completes the following:**

1- If two competitors are....., they have an equal chance of winning.

a-toe the line      b-call the shots      c-neck and neck      d-below par

2- He likes to .....with his coworkers after work ends.

a-promote      b-appoint      c-resign      d-socialise

3- The local council will organize a .....about the beautification of the city.

a-craftsman      b-degree      c-workshop      d-platform

4-Although it was written hundreds of years ago, it still has a/an.....feel to it.

a-substandard      b-unusual      c-contemporary      d-immobile

5- When a ..... is passed in parliament, it becomes a law.

a-bill      b-cookery      c-snooker      d-portfolio

**Fill in the spaces with suitable words from the list:**

**integral – dispute – due – frequently – vicinity -chronic**

1-The country's .....unemployment shortage should be resolved.

2-There are no hotels in the .....of the hospital.

3-He .....lets himself into our house without knocking.

4-He is an/a .....part of the team and we can't do without him.

5-The books you borrowed are .....back to the library on May 15.

**Fill in the spaces with suitable words from the list:**

**densely/ overcrowding/ embarrassed/ infrastructure/ contentment / reverse**

- 1-Investment in the railway network would reduce.....on the roads.
- 2-Mexico City is one of the most .....populated cities in the world.
- 3-I was too.....to admit that I was scared.
- 4-The war has badly damaged the country's.....
- 5-The new manager hoped to .....the decline in the company's fortunes.

**Fill in the spaces with suitable words from the list:**

**toed the line / resign / competent / portfolio / unique / ungentlemanly**

- 1-I wouldn't say he was brilliant but he is .....in his job.
- 2-He decided to.....from the company in order to take a more challenging job.
- 3-Each person's genetic code is.....except in the case of identical twins.
- 4-The Prime Minister decided to offer the foreign affairs.....to a woman.
- 5-He was unpopular with the other staff and rarely.....

## **II. Grammar**

### **Unit 7**

**From a, b, c and d choose the word that best completes the following:**

1- ..... Ali and Salim have disappointed me. They didn't come to my birthday party.

- a- Neither                      b- Either                      c-Both                      d- No sooner

2- You must..... a decision by tomorrow.

- a- make                      b- made                      c- do                      d- did

3- Could you.....me a favour? Would you feed my cat this weekend?

- a-make                      b- making                      c- do                      d- going

4- Hopefully, the insurance will make..... the damage from the fire.

- a- of                      b- up                      c- up for                      d- out

5- ..... Huda nor her husband likes shopping.

- a- Both                      b- Neither                      c- Either                      d- Not only

**Do as required between brackets:**

6- "I'll meet you here tomorrow". (Report)

She said.....

7- "I woke up feeling ill, so I didn't go to work." (Report)

Tom said.....

8- "Where did you go yesterday?" (Report)

I asked the boys.....

9- "Do you believe this man?" (Report)

Tom asked me.....

10- Ralph is a brave soldier. Tom is a brave soldier. (Use: both...and)

.....

## Unit 8

### From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer:

1- This is the man..... works in our school library.

- a- who                      b- whose                      c- whom                      d- when

2- A supermarket is a place..... you can buy all your needs.

- a- who                      b- which                      c- where                      d- when

3- The man ..... room I share is decent.

- a- where                      b- whose                      c- whom                      d- who

4- Kuwait City,..... is the capital of Kuwait, is actually picturesque.

- a- why                      b- which                      c- where                      d- whom

5- Do you remember the time..... I have started to play the guitar?

- a- whose                      b- where                      c- whom                      d- when

### Do as required between brackets:

6- I have never seen such a mess. **(Begin with: Never)**

.....

7- She had hardly reached the station when the train departed. **(Begin with: Hardly)**

.....

8- He had scarcely stepped outside when it started to rain. **(Begin with: Scarcely)**

.....

9- We seldom see him these days. **(Begin with: Seldom)**

.....

10- Ali rarely goes shopping. **(Begin with: Rarely)**

.....

## Unit 9

### From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer:

1- I ..... have few friends. Now I have too many.

b- used to                      b- uses to                      c-use to                      d- using to

2- In the past, people didn't ..... travel by plane.

b- used to                      b- use to                      c- using to                      d- uses to

3- I think they used to ..... their time listening to the radio.

a- spent                      b- spends                      c- spending                      d- spend

4- .....you use to eat a lot of sweets when you were a child?

a- Do                      b- Done                      c- Did                      d- Does

5- Salem used to live with his parents,.....?

a- doesn't he                      b- didn't he                      c- do they                      d- did they

### Do as required between brackets:

6- He repairs the car himself. (Use : Causative form )

.....

7- We didn't clean the house ourselves. (Use : Causative form )

.....

8- I don't cut my hair myself. (Use: Causative form )

.....

9- Ralph used to fly a plane when he was five. (Change into negative)

.....

10- Mona was in the habit of wearing casual clothes. (Use : used to)

.....

### **III. Language Functions**

#### **Write what you would say in the following situations:**

1-Your friend wants to be fitter and have a healthier life.

.....

2-Your brother is having an interview for a new job next week.

.....

3- Your father won't let you complete your studies in England.

.....

4- Your classmate helped you to do your homework.

.....

5- Your teacher asks you about the differences between wedding parties in the past and nowadays.

.....

6-Your teacher asks you why you would like to live in the country side.

.....

7-Your sister says that surfing the net is a waste of time.

.....

8-Your friend drives very fast and doesn't follow the traffic rules.

.....

9-A friend asks you about your opinion of exploring space.

.....

10-Someone offers to help you to organize a party.

.....



11- Someone asks if you think people will still have cars 50 years from now.

.....

12- An interviewer has asked you why you have applied for a job in a particular company.

.....

13- Your teacher asks you about the biography you have read or you would like to read.

.....

#### **IV. Suggested Set Book Questions**

##### **Unit 7, lessons 1 and 2**

1) How can the elderly ensure mental fitness?

.....

.....

2) In your opinion, how can we keep physically fit?

.....

.....

3) The youth can show gratitude and respect to the elderly by:

.....

.....

4) Mention two of the Islamic teachings regarding the treatment of parents by children.

.....

.....

5) Keeping active for a long time has its benefits. Give examples.

.....

.....

**Unit 7, lesson 3**

1) The amount of sleep we need depends on several factors like.....

.....  
.....

2) How do you usually feel when you don't get enough sleep?

.....  
.....

3) Why do you think sleep is important?

.....  
.....

4) Some people have difficulty in sleeping. Suggest ways to help them with this problem.

.....  
.....

5) Lack of sleep causes a lot of problems and affects your life style. Explain.

.....  
.....

6) Different people need different amounts of sleep. Give examples.

.....  
.....

**Unit 7, lesson 7 & 8**

1) Why has life expectancy increased in the modern world?

.....

.....

**Unit 8, lesson 1 & 2**

1) Living in the city has many disadvantages. Mention some of them.

.....

.....

2) From your point of view, why do some people prefer living in villages?

.....

.....

3) People who live in the village move to live in the city. Give reasons.

Or: What are the advantages of living in the city?

.....

.....

4) From your point of view, list the disadvantages of rural depopulation.

Or: What are the bad consequences of rural depopulation.

.....

.....

5) Why has farming become less profitable in recent years?

.....

.....

6) Suggest ways to make city life less stressful for the people who live there.

.....

.....

7) Why do you think many of the inhabitants of the villages are elderly people?

.....

.....

### **Unit 8, lesson 3**

1) Why do you think cities were basically built?

.....

.....

2) The crown jewel of Madinate Al –Harier will be Burj Mubark Al-Kabir. Do you agree? Justify your answer.

.....

.....

3) How will the population of Madinat Al Hareer be kept happy?

.....

.....

4) Why do you think that Silk City will change the way we live?

.....

.....

5) How can modern cities be more attractive?

Or: What are the main factors that should be taken into consideration before designing new cities?

.....

.....

6) Mention the factors that we should consider before building or designing a new house.

.....

.....

### Unit 8, lesson 7&8

1) It's said "If you want to be known among people ,it's better to live in a village; if you would know ,and not to be known, live in city." comment

.....

.....

### Unit 9, lesson 1&2

1) Make a list of leisure activities people enjoyed in the past and the ones they enjoy nowadays.

.....

.....

In the past	Nowadays

2) Do you think that leisure time can be a mixed blessing or a double edged weapon? Why?

.....

.....

3) What other skills were commonplace in the past but are unusual now?

.....

.....

4) What are the creative uses of home computers?

.....

.....

**Unit 9, lesson 3**

1) Mention some new purposes that Bayt Lothan serves.

.....

.....

2) Where does the name of "Bayt Lothan" come from?

.....

.....

**Focus on**

1) Mention the characteristics of the games of the past.

.....

.....

**Literature Time: (Great Expectations By Charles Dickens)****Episode 1:**

1) How do you think we can combat the overwhelming feeling of loneliness so that we don't fall into sadness or despair?

.....

.....

2) Describe your feelings in a situation that made you suffer loneliness.

.....

.....

3) Why did orphans usually like to spend time or visit the graveyard occasionally?

.....

.....

4) Why cannot a child sometimes refuse unreasonable orders of adults?

.....

.....

## **Episode 2**

1) Do you think that the change, which we all experience, is urged by self-consciousness or others push us to do it?

.....

.....

2) In your opinion, does the need for change imply doing wrong things?

.....

.....

3) From your point of view, what can you do to get rid of loneliness?

.....

.....

## **Episode 3**

1) Do you think that telling lies can be good? Why?

.....

.....

2) Do you think the youth should feel ashamed of doing certain jobs? Why?

.....

.....

## **V. Writing**

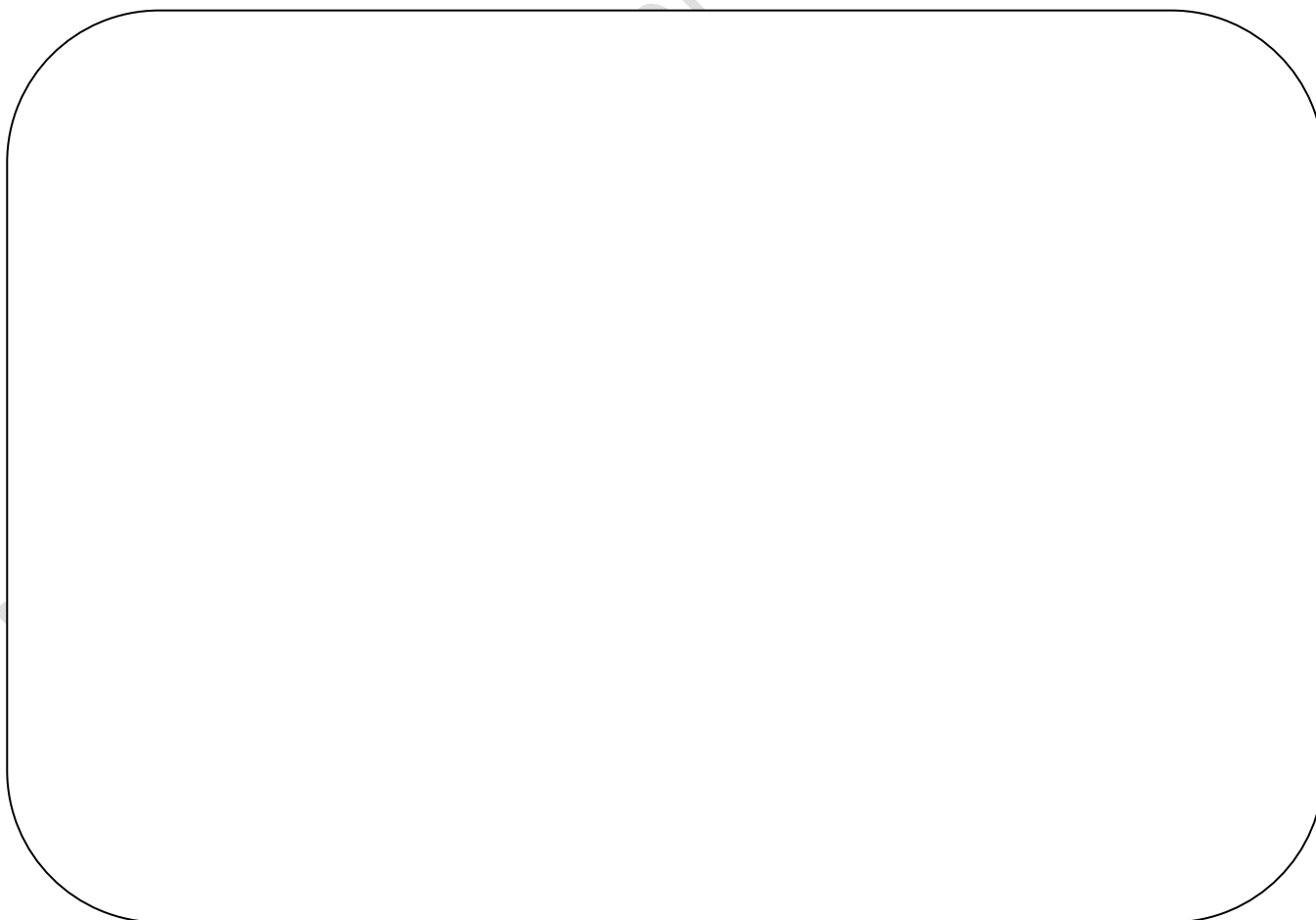
### **A Report**

Age is an issue of mind over matter. If you don't mind, it doesn't matter. In not less than 12 sentences, **plan and write** a report about the pieces of advice you could give to people of your age about how to respect the elderly.

#### **Guiding ideas:**

- 1- Looking after the elderly
- 2- Showing respect and compassion
- 3- Expressing gratitude

#### **Outline**





Mubarak Al-Kabeer ELT Supervision

## A Report

Rural depopulation can lead to overcrowding in cities and cause socioeconomic problems. In not less than 12 sentences, **plan and write** a report about the advantages and disadvantages of living in a city.

### Guiding ideas:

#### Advantages:

- 1- Finding better jobs
- 2- Availability of services

#### Disadvantages:

- 1- Villages are deserted
- 2- Over population in cities

### Outline






## A Biography

Some people have had an interesting or an unusual life. In not less than 12 sentences, **plan and write** a short biography of someone who is famous nationally or internationally.

### Guiding ideas:

- 1- Personal details.
- 2- Achievements and interests.
- 3- Beliefs and opinions.

### Outline





## **VI. Reading Comprehension & Summary Making**

**Read the following passage, then answer the questions below:**

For many people who live in cities, parks are an important part of the landscape. They provide a place for people to relax and play sports, as well as a refuge from the often- harsh environment of a city. What people often overlook is that parks also provide considerable environmental benefits.

One benefit of parks is that plants absorb carbon dioxide—a key pollutant—and emit oxygen, **which** humans need to breathe. Parks also make cities cooler. Scientists have long noted that building materials such as metal, concrete, and asphalt absorb much more of the sun’s heat and release it much more quickly than organic surfaces like trees and grass. Because city landscapes contain so much of these building materials, cities are usually warmer than surrounding rural areas.

Unfortunately, many cities cannot easily create more parks because most land is already being used for buildings, roads, parking lots, and other essential parts of the urban environment. However, cities could benefit from many of the positive effects of parks by encouraging citizens to create another **advantageous** type of green space: rooftop gardens. Some rooftop gardens are very complex and require complicated engineering, but others are simple container gardens that anyone can create with the investment of a few hundred dollars and a few hours of work.

Rooftop gardens provide many of the same benefits as other urban park and garden spaces, but without taking up the much-needed land. Like parks, rooftop gardens help to replace carbon dioxide in the air with nourishing oxygen. They also help to **lessen** the Urban Heat Island Effect, which can save people money. In the summer, rooftop gardens prevent buildings from absorbing heat from the sun, which can significantly reduce cooling bills. In the winter, gardens help hold in the heat that materials like brick and concrete radiate so quickly, leading to savings on heating bills. Rooftop vegetable and herb gardens can also provide fresh food for city dwellers, saving them money and making their diets healthier. Rooftop gardens are not only something everyone can enjoy, they are also a smart environmental investment.

**A) From a, b, c, and d choose the right answer:**

- 1- The main idea of the 3rd paragraph is.....
- a- The importance of parks.
  - b- The benefits of rooftop gardens.
  - c- The differences between cities and rural areas.
  - d- Why it is difficult to create parks.
- 2- The underlined word “ **which** ” in paragraph (2) refers.....
- a- carbon dioxide.
  - b- plants
  - c- oxygen
  - d- parks
- 3- The underlined word "**advantageous**" in paragraph (3) means.....
- a- profitable.
  - b- detrimental
  - c- spacious
  - d- prejudicial
- 4- The opposite of the underlined word "**lessen**" in paragraph (4) is .....
- a- make less
  - b- increase
  - c- decrease
  - d- reduce

**B) Answer the following questions:**

- 5- What are the environmental benefits of parks?

.....

- 6- Why is it difficult to have more parks in cities?

.....

- 7- Why are cities warmer than surrounding rural areas?

.....

**C. Summary-Making**

In **four sentences** of your own, summarize **paragraph (4)** in answer to the following question: *What are the different benefits people can get from rooftop gardens?*

.....

.....

.....

## **VII. Translation**

### **A) With reference to paragraph (3), translate the following into good Arabic:**

Unfortunately, many cities cannot easily create more parks because most land is already being used for buildings, roads, parking lots, and other essential parts of the urban environment. However, cities could benefit from many of the positive effects of parks by encouraging citizens to create another advantageous type of green space: rooftop gardens. Some rooftop gardens are very complex and require complicated engineering, but others are simple gardens.

.....

.....

.....

.....

### **Translate the following into good English:**

1- التمارين الخاصة بالقلب و الاوعية الدموية تتضمن حركات ترفع معدل ضربات القلب.

2- طبعا، فهي تساعد الجسم على تحسين استهلاك الاوكسجين.

.....

.....

.....

.....



## **VI. Reading Comprehension & Summary Making**

**Read the following passage, then answer the questions below:**

“Wake up!” Do you hear these words often? If so, maybe you are not getting enough sleep. There are two kinds of sleep in mammals and birds. One kind of sleep is Rapid Eye Movement sleep, which we call REM sleep. The other kind of sleep is Non-Rapid Eye Movement sleep, which we call NREM or non-REM sleep.

During REM sleep, people and animals are **paralyzed**. Scientists think people enter a state in which **they** cannot move so they will not hurt themselves while they are dreaming.

The National Sleep Foundation in the United States says that 7–9 hours of sleep daily is best for an adult. Seven to nine hours of sleep is good for memory, alertness, problem-solving, and health. Less than six hours of sleep affects the ability to think. Getting too much sleep may not be good for people either. Too much sleep is linked to sickness and depression.

Babies need a lot more sleep than adults. A newborn infant needs up to 18 hours of sleep each day. Five-year-olds need 11–13 hours of sleep each day. Teenagers need 9–10 hours of sleep each day. Pregnant women need more sleep than other adults. Many people think that elderly people need less sleep than younger adults, but that is not true. Most adults do well with 7–9 hours of sleep.

Scientists are not **sure** of all the reasons for sleep. They know that sleep helps the body heal and grow. Sleep helps the immune system – which helps people fight disease. Sleep helps the infant brain grow. It seems that REM sleep is especially important for babies’ brain growth. It also seems that sleep is a time for processing memories.

Sleep patterns differ substantially from culture to culture. Cultures with artificial light have different sleep patterns from cultures without artificial light (like electric lamps.) In cultures that use artificial light, people usually go to sleep later at night, and they sleep through the night. In other cultures, people often sleep for two periods. They go to sleep shortly after the sun goes down. They sleep deeply for several hours. Then, they tend to wake up for several hours. Afterward, they go to sleep again for several more hours. In hunter-gatherer groups, people sleep off and on throughout the day and night.

**A) From a, b, c, and d choose the right answer:**

- 1- The main idea of the passage could be .....  
a- The Importance of Sleep for Babies    b- Bad Effects of Too Much Sleep.  
c- The Reasons for Dream                      d- Types and Benefits of Sleep.
- 2- The meaning of the underlined word **paralyzed** in paragraph (2) is .....  
a- cannot sleep                                      b- cannot move.  
c- do not fight                                      d- do not understand
- 3- The underlined word "**they**" in paragraph (2) refers to.....  
a- people    b- scientists  
c- dreams    d- people and animal
- 4- The opposite of the word "**sure**" in paragraph (4) is.....  
a- natural    b- unnatural  
c- uncertain    d- certain

**B) Answer the following questions:**

5- What are the types of sleep?

.....  
.....

6- Why is enough sleep so essential for people?

.....  
.....

**C. Summary-Making**

In **four sentences** of your own, summarize **paragraph (6)** in answer to the following question:

*How do sleep patterns differ from one culture to another?*

.....  
.....  
.....

## **VII. Translation**

### **A) With reference to paragraph (5), translate the following into good Arabic:**

Scientists are not sure of all the reasons for sleep. They know that sleep helps the body heal and grow. Sleep helps the immune system – which helps people fight disease. Sleep helps the infant brain grow. It seems that REM sleep is especially important for babies' brain growth. It also seems that sleep is a time for processing memories.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

### **Translate the following into good English:**

1- المسنون يستحقون منا كل الإعجاب و المودة.

2- احترام المسنين من أحسن الأخلاق.

.....

.....



# Remedial Exercises

Grade 12

Fourth Period



**Remedial Exercises**

**I. Vocabulary**

**From a, b, c and d choose the word that best completes the following.**

- 1- World leaders will meet next week for their annual economic.....  
a- universe      b-attempt      c-opportunity      d-summit
- 2- I.....the impression that they are hiding something important.  
a- come over      b-come down      c-come up      d-come away with
- 3- The army arrived to .....in the search for weapons.  
a-highlight      b- entail      c-ascend      d-assist
- 4- The script on the wall is barely..... I can't see it.  
a- unconscious      b-dizzying      c-visible      d-submerged
- 5- The survivors were suffering from exposure to radiation and.....  
a- elite      b-reconstruction      c-mountaineer      d-exhaustion

**From a, b, c and d choose the word that best completes the following**

- 1- The Prime Minister was in a diplomatic .....in Paris last week.  
a- universe      b- mission      c- data      d- emission
- 2- Tests revealed some ..... skin problems. Early treatment always makes the difference  
a- economical      b- superb      c- abnormal      d- conducive
- 3- We have an/ a..... to comment on the procedures they took.  
a- trainer      b- spin-off      c- detriment      d- opportunity

4- That advertisement .....targets children. Both the music and colours are catchy.

a- specifically      b- approximately      c- exceptionally      d- roughly

**From a, b, c and d choose the word that best completes the following:**

1-The suspect denied the .....of having accepted a bribe.

a- season      b-accusation      c-nomination      d-reactor

2- Symptoms usually .....doctors to diagnose diseases.

a- assist      b- agonise      c-acquire      d-repudiate

3- Our Schools cater for the needs of.....students through different activities.

4-He expressed his full satisfaction with the ..... achievement by our team.

a- aligned      b- precocious      c-non-invasive      d- unprecedented

**Fill in the spaces with suitable words from the list:**

**came across - afflicted - arson - highlight – grueling -austere**

1- I think the report should .....the need for improved safety.

2- He eventually won the match after five .....sets.

3- A cinema was burnt out in north London. The police suspect.....

4- Anne is ..... with asthma. She goes to the hospital regularly.

5- I .....an old school friend in the mall last night.

**Fill in the spaces with suitable words from the list:**

**frontier - conducive - scrutinize - abhorrent – specifically – mission**

1- Unnecessary violence in films is totally .....to me.

2-We are aiming our campaign ..... to young people.

- 3-The delegation completed its.....successfully.
- 4-A committee has to .....all the documents relating to the trial.
- 5-These noisy conditions are not .....to concentrated work.

**Fill in the spaces with suitable words from the list:**

**outstanding – abstract - prodigy - sewage – unprecedented – repudiates -**

- 1-Some cities do not have proper facilities for the disposal of.....
- 2-This century has witnessed environmental destruction on an/a .....scale.
- 3-He utterly .....the allegation that he had tried to deceive them.
- 4-I read about a mathematical.....who attended university at the age of 12.
- 5-I attended an/a .....performance of Shakespeare's play 'King Lear'.



## II. Grammar

**From a, b, c and d choose the word that best completes the following:**

1- The fire had started when everyone in the house was.....

- a- sleep                  b- sleeps                  c- asleep                  d- slept

2- Tom has.....strength that he can defeat his rival.

- a- too                  b- so                  c- such                  d- many

3- As we were walking up the mountain, we came ..... a small campsite.

- a- across                  b- round                  c- out                  d- in

4- No sooner had we..... out than it began to rain.

- a-going                  b- went                  c- gone                  d- goes

5- The thief.....before he escaped.

- a- caught                  b- had been caught                  c- were caught                  d- have been caught

**Correct the underlined mistakes in the following sentences:**

1- He had be climbing since four days.

.....

2- Ahmed can beats others in memory games involve pictures

.....

3- Immediately after finish his homework, Ali go to bed.

.....

4- How much students are their in the class?

.....

5- The man which son win the first prize was very happy.

.....



**From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer:**

- 1- They speak.....French nor German, but a curious mixture of the two.  
a- both                      b- neither                      c- either                      d- too
- 2- I will have..... all my work by 7 p.m.  
a- finishing                      b- finish                      c- finished                      d- finishes
- 3- At this time next Friday, we will be..... to London.  
a- travel                      b- travelled                      c- travels                      d- travelling
- 4- I'm not sure where Jane is from. She is either American.....Canadian.  
a- or                      b- than                      c- and                      d- nor
- 5- The law has to be.....  
a- respects                      b- respecting                      c- respect                      d- respected

**Correct the underlined mistakes in the following sentences:**

- 1- Some of the historical sites might have be save.  
.....
- 2- You should has read the safe instructions.  
.....
- 3- Both Ali and Salim is a doctor.  
.....
- 4- By next year, I will have write two plays and two short story.  
.....
- 5- By the end of these year, I will have been teaching English since 24 years.  
.....

**From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer:**

- 1- Many people ..... the poor countries are out of work.  
a- with                      b- for                      c- by                      d- throughout
- 2- It's not as good.....it used to be.  
a- so                      b- but                      c- and                      d- as
- 3- The death of his son was an experience from..... he never fully recovered.  
a- whose                      b- whom                      c- which                      d- who
- 4- Ali is now a PhD student in England.....high level research.  
a- doing                      b- did                      c- done                      d- does
- 5- I like to have my baby next to me.....I can keep an eye on him.  
a- when                      b- where                      c- who                      d- which

**Correct the underlined mistakes in the following sentences:**

- 1- In his first match he score two goals, beat the previous record.

.....

- 2- Hind and her brother always goes to school at car.

.....

- 3- This soldier are as brave at a lion.

.....

- 4- Why is you angry on your classmates?

.....

- 5- I didn't attended the party with many reasons.

.....

### **III. Language Functions**

#### **Write what you would say in the following situations:**

1. Someone asks you about your preparations for the university.

.....

2. Your father says that he has a surprise for you.

.....

3. You haven't understood something your teacher has just finished explaining.

.....

4. You're asked about a teacher you respect most.

.....

5. Your friend wants to know what you think of the manager's decision to increase working hours.

.....

#### **Write what you would say in the following situations:**

1. Your family is planning to camp in the desert.

.....

2. Our classmate Ahmed has bought a new mobile phone.

.....

3. Your little sister is asking you to mention the reasons for developing new kinds of aircraft.

.....

4. The teacher asked you to mention factors for the increasing demand for space technology.

.....

5. You meet an old friend whom you haven't seen for a long time.

**Write what you would say in the following situations:**

1. A friend of yours has an amazing musical talent.

.....

2. Your father's car had a flat tire; therefore, you were late to school.

.....

3. The teacher asks you to express your opinion about modern architecture in Kuwait.

.....

4. You bought a watch from a shop; it turns out to be faulty.

.....

5. Your cousin is taking a summer course to improve his language skills.

.....

**IV. Suggested Set Book Questions****Unit 10**

1- Why do you think some people push themselves to extreme limits?

.....

.....

2- In your opinion, what are the preparations that should be made before going on expeditions?

.....

.....

3- Are you the kind of person interested in doing something as physically and mentally demanding as mountain climbing? Why or why not?

.....

.....

4- What do you think we can learn from facing our fears/ taking challenges?

.....

.....

5- As you see, what are the pros of record-breaking attempts?

.....

.....

6- In your opinion, what are the cons of record-breaking attempts?

.....

.....

7- What do we usually need to go mountain climbing? (In your view, which equipment would you need for a dangerous journey? Justify your choices.)

.....

.....

8- In your opinion, how can we stay safe while doing extreme sports?

.....

.....

9- What type of personality and skills do you think are important for going on expeditions? (What qualities would a person need to survive in very harsh conditions?)

.....

.....

### **Literature Time: (Great Expectations)**

#### **Episode 4**

1- How do you think old friends should be treated?

.....

.....

2- "Money doesn't guarantee happiness." Explain.

.....

.....

#### **Unit 11**

1- Why do you think the International Space Station is important?

.....

.....

2- In your opinion, what are the pros of space travel?

.....

.....

3- What do you think the cons of space travel are?

.....

.....

4- Do you think someday human beings will be able to live on other planets? Why or why not?

.....

.....

5- Why do you think probes are important in space sciences?

.....

.....

6- In your opinion, why are countries keen on establishing scientific centers?

.....

.....

7- How has aircraft industry benefited from space technology?

.....

.....

8- Wireless communication is used for a variety of purposes. Discuss.

.....

.....

9- How has medicine benefitted from space technology?

.....

.....

10- In your view, how has space technology helped us here on Earth?

.....

.....

### **Literature Time: (Great Expectations)**

#### **Episode 5**

1- If you inherited a fortune, how would you best invest it?

.....

.....

2- Would you give money to help a friend with their future? Why/ why not?

.....

.....

3 - In your opinion, what are our moral obligations towards people who once stood by us?

.....

.....

#### **Unit 12**

1- What do you think the advantages and disadvantages of being a child prodigy are?

.....

.....

2- Do you think child prodigies should be treated as special cases? Why or why not?

.....

.....

3- What are the characteristics of a child prodigy?

.....

.....

4- In your opinion, what characterizes a genius?

.....

.....

5- "Genius is born, not made." Explain this quote.

.....

.....

6- Why do you think talent competitions and genius award ceremonies are usually organized? (Why are accolades and medals usually offered?)

.....

.....

7- We have a large reserve of potential talents. How do you think we can nurture and develop them? (How best can we encourage young people to be creative?)

.....

.....

8- (What can parents do to help their children reach their potentials and achieve their goals?)

.....

.....

9- The making of (spotting) a genius starts at home. Do you agree? Why?

.....

.....

### **Literature Time: (Great Expectations)**

#### **Episode 6**

1 - Do you think that being a gentleman could meet one's great expectations? Why or why not?

.....

.....



2- Is it right to harbour somebody who says that they are wrongly tried? Give reasons

.....  
.....

3 – What does being a gentleman mean to you?

.....  
.....

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## Writing

### Attempt the following topic:

Many people push themselves to extreme limits for many reasons.

In not less than (14) sentences, plan and write a report discussing the reasons and difficulties of taking risks.

### The following guiding ideas may help you:

#### A: Reasons

- Becoming famous.
- Getting money.
- Loving adventures.

#### B: Difficulties

- Bad weather
- Deadly injuries.
- Lack of food and water.

### Outline

#### Introduction:

#### Body :

#### Conclusion:



## A Report

### Attempt the following topic:

“Space exploration is the ongoing discovery of outer space by continuously growing technology.” In not less than (14) sentences, plan and write a report about the advantages and disadvantages of space exploration.

### The following guiding ideas may help you:

#### A: Advantages

- Helping humanity.
- The need for different places to live on.
- Wireless communication.
- Exploring new lives on other planets

#### B: Disadvantages

- Spending too much money
- Dangers to astronauts
- Pollution of outer space

### Outline

#### Introduction:

#### Body :

#### Conclusion:



## A Biography

### Attempt the following topic:

A child prodigy is a person who has an outstanding talent or skill at a very early age. In not less than (14) sentences, plan and write a report about the pros and cons of being a child prodigy.

### The following guiding ideas may help you:

#### A: Pros

- Being famous.
- Earning money.
- Being smarter than your peers.
- Getting a lot of awards.

#### B: Cons

- Difficult to match with an appropriate class.
- Can feel isolated.
- Unable to enjoy his/her childhood.

### Outline

#### Introduction:

#### Body :

#### Conclusion:

Mubarak Al-Kabeer ELT Supervision

## **VI. Reading Comprehension & Summary Making**

**Read the following passage, then answer the questions below:**

Do you ever feel like you are just running from one activity to another? In school, do you rush from one subject to another? When things happen at such a fast pace, it is easy to lose sight of what you are doing or learning. It is important to stop yourself every now and then to think about what you've been doing or learning.

Self reflection means slowing down and calming yourself, including calming your mind. By being calm and going slowly, you give your brain a chance to evaluate the input it has already received. Some people prefer to do these self reflections only in their mind. Others keep a journal or written notes. Either method works, depending on your own personal learning. Whether written or purely mental, the process is the same.

School textbooks are often divided into chapters and units of study. This makes it easier for someone to begin the process of self reflection. Look for the times when you complete a unit of study in the subjects you are learning, such as math, social studies, science and art. Sometimes you know the unit is over because there is some kind of test or quiz. Use these natural breaks as opportunities to stop and reflect.

Find a quiet place. You can even be sitting at your desk at school when you finish something early and the other students are still working. If you are going to take notes, take out paper or your reflection journal. Write down some notes on the new things that you learned in the unit. Let your mind think about the notes you have written and make some connections. Sometimes just pausing to think deeply allows your brain to make connections. Having lots of connections allows your brain to quickly **retrieve** information when you need it again. Next, think about things that you are unsure of. For example, maybe you learned about a certain body system, but you're not sure how it works together with the other body systems. Maybe you learned a new way to solve a math problem, but you're not sure when to use **it**. Writing down your questions will help you remember to look for answers the next time you are working with the same topic.

Self reflection is an essential skill for a successful student. If you have never taken the time to reflect, try it now.

**A) From a, b, c and d, choose the correct answer:**

1. The best title of the above passage can be / is.....

- a. Disadvantages of self-reflection
- b. Self-reflection skill

- b. Ways of self-reflection
- d. How to think positively



2. The main idea of paragraph two is .....  
a. benefits of self-reflection  
b. meaning of self reflection  
c . time management  
d. the role of the school
3. The word **retrieve** in paragraph 4 **means**.....  
a. to keep away from  
b. to prevent or ward off  
c .to get or bring something back  
d. to warn ( someone) of a danger
4. The underlined word **it in** paragraph 4 **refers to**  
a. topic  
b. body system  
c. new way  
d. math problem

**B) Answer the following questions:**

5.What does self reflection mean?

.....

6. What are the benefits of self reflection?

.....

7. Why should you write down questions about what you have learnt?

.....

**C) Summary Making:**

In 4 sentences of your own, summarize Paragraph ( 4 ) in answer to the following question: **What are the natural breaks which help students to reflect themselves?**

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....

**VII. Translation**

**A) Translate the following sentences into good Arabic:**

School textbooks are often divided into chapters and units of study. This makes it easier for someone to begin the process of self reflection. Look for the times when you complete a unit of study in the subjects you are learning, such as math, social studies, science and art.

.....  
.....  
.....

**A) Translate the following sentences into English:**

من أهم أهداف زيد الرفاعي في صعود القمم السبع هو إلقاء الضوء على أهمية حماية البيئة في منطقة الخليج.

.....

## **VI. Reading Comprehension & Summary Making**

**Read the following passage, then answer the questions below:**

Most people know that an avalanche is a large mass of snow that detaches from a mountainside and rushes down the slope, often at a very high speed. However, not everyone realizes that there are many different kinds of avalanches, with various causes and effects. Avalanches are categorized based on whether the snow is wet or dry, and whether or not it is compacted. The four most common types are: dry snow, wet snow, wet slab, and dry slab.

A wet snow avalanche differs from a dry snow avalanche in that it consists of loose, partially melted snow and water. Wet snow avalanches generally occur during the springtime when temperatures are consistently above freezing and there is an abundance of both sunshine and rainfall. The warmer temperatures and the sun melt the outer layers of snow. The increased springtime rainfall **saturates** the snow with water, weakening the cohesive layers beneath the surface. The combination of these factors results in unstable conditions. Wet snow avalanches are the least common type of avalanche, and they are much slower than dry snow avalanches, typically traveling at speeds of only 10-20 miles per hour.

Like a wet snow avalanche, a wet slab avalanche most often occurs during the spring, due to melting snow and increased rainfall. The additional moisture weakens the bonds between the water molecules of the snow. Daytime melting and nighttime refreezing of the ice and snow create ideal conditions for a wet slab avalanche. This type of avalanche is the slowest, generally traveling at a speed of no more than 10 miles per hour. But because the snow is compacted, not loose, a wet slab avalanche is still quite dangerous even at this slow speed.

The last type, a dry slab avalanche, is the most dangerous of all. **It** occurs when substantial snowfall accumulates over a layer of existing snow in a very short period of time. The stress caused by the weight of the newly fallen snow can make the compacted layer underneath break away. This creates a dry slab avalanche, which travels at speeds of 60-80 miles per hour. Dry slab avalanches account for roughly 90% of all avalanche-related casualties annually.

Millions of avalanches happen around the world each year, the vast majority of which occur naturally. However, nearly all of the avalanches that result in fatalities are triggered by either the victim or someone in the victim's party. Each year, approximately 150 people become casualties of an avalanche. Sadly, most of these avalanche accidents are preventable. The first step in preventing avalanche related fatalities is to be better informed about the various types of avalanches and the conditions under which they occur.

**A) From a, b, c, and d choose the right answer:**

1. The main purpose of this passage is to .....
  - a. communicate the dangers of avalanches
  - b. show how preventable an avalanche can be
  - c. describe the four basic types of avalanches
  - d. define what an avalanche is
2. The word **saturates** in paragraph 2 **means**.....
  - a. soaks
  - b. damages
  - c. covers
  - d. dehydrates
3. The underlined word **it** in paragraph 4 **refers to**
  - a. dry snow avalanche
  - b. wet snow avalanche
  - c. wet slab avalanche
  - d. dry slab avalanche
4. According to the passage, the one that consists of loose, partially melted snow and water is:
  - a. dry snow avalanche
  - b. wet snow avalanche
  - c. wet slab avalanche
  - d. dry slab avalanche

**B) Answer the following questions:**

5. What is an avalanche?

.....

6. What is the most dangerous avalanche type? Why?

.....

7. According to the passage, how can avalanche-related fatalities be prevented?

.....

### C. Summary-Making

In 4 sentences of your own, summarize Paragraph (3) in answer to the following question: - **What are the characteristics of a wet snow avalanche?**

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

### VII. Translation

**Translate the following into good Arabic:**

Daytime melting and nighttime refreezing of the ice and snow create ideal conditions for a wet slab avalanche. This type of avalanche is the slowest, generally traveling at a speed of no more than 10 miles per hour. But because the snow is compacted, not loose, a wet slab avalanche is still quite dangerous even at this slow speed.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

**Translate the following into English:**

3- لماذا يصبر العلماء على معرفة المزيد والمزيد عن الفضاء الخارجي؟

.....

.....

## **VI. Reading Comprehension & Summary Making**

**Read the following passage, then answer the questions below:**

Bartering is an ancient concept. Before the creation of currency, it was the sole form of purchasing goods and services between individuals. Despite the fact that economics have considerably evolved, bartering is just as legitimate today. Considering the number of expenses you deal with, it never hurts to seek an alternate way to buy without monetary exchange. However, bartering is not completely simple, nor is it always the best choice.

The Internal Revenue Service defines bartering as "the trading of one product or service for another." You may remember doing this during childhood, trading snacks or toys. The same concept applies in adult life, albeit with more valuable products or services. The key difference between bartering and buying is that bartering does not involve a monetary transaction. You simply offer an item you do not want in exchange for something you desire.

One advantage to bartering is flexibility. You can trade one related product for another - such as a laptop for a portable tablet - or two completely different items -like a television for a lawn mower. You can even save money on travel by trading homes, allowing friends to stay in your residence while you borrow their house for recreation . Of course, there is the clear advantage of saving money. Not only do you get something you need or want, but neither party has to spend a cent. Finally, the ability to produce new business is also one of the biggest benefits of barter, working in trade system can allow you to interact with other companies that you might not get the opportunity to if you were just paying cash. You can give your services instead of a business card with your name on it, which can result in your name being spread by word of mouth.

While bartering has immediate benefits, it can also cause serious complications. This is especially true if you can't guarantee the trustworthiness of your fellow trader. The other party doesn't require certification or any proof of legitimacy and you don't have a warranty or consumer protection. You may end up trading a good item or service in exchange for a defective or poor one. Bartering also requires skill. You may overestimate the value of your desired item and underestimate yours. As a result, the other party could exploit you.

**A) From a, b, c, and d choose the right answer:****1. The best title of the above passage can be / is.....**

- |                        |  |
|------------------------|--|
| a. Typical transaction | b. Bartering for small business            |
| c. Trading system      | d. Bartering, advantages and disadvantages |

**2. The main idea of paragraph one.....**

- |                         |                        |
|-------------------------|------------------------|
| a. Rules for bartering  | b. Bartering services  |
| c. History of bartering | d. What can you barter |

**3. The underlined word it in paragraph 3 refers to .....**

- |                |                  |
|----------------|------------------|
| a. party       | b. business card |
| c. opportunity | d. bartering     |

**4. The word exploit in paragraph 4 means.....**

- |                                |                               |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| a. to get rid of               | b. to reduce                  |
| c. to choose someone for a job | d. to treat somebody unfairly |

**B) Answer the following questions:****5. What is meant by bartering?**

.....

**6. What is the difference between bartering and buying?**

.....

**7. What are the disadvantages of bartering?**

.....

**C) Summary Making:**

In 4 sentences of your own, summarize Paragraph ( 4 ) in answer to the following question: **What are the benefits of bartering?**

.....

.....

.....

.....

**VII. Translation****A) Translate the following sentences into good Arabic:**

While bartering has immediate benefits, it can also cause serious complications. This is especially true if you can't guarantee the trustworthiness of your fellow trader. The other party doesn't require certification or any proof of legitimacy and you don't have a warranty or consumer protection.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

**A) Translate the following sentences into English:**

- يمكننا تطوير مهارات الطفل المعجزة من خلال دورات تدريبية تزيد من قدراته.

.....

.....

- حققت سيدة الأعمال الكويتية مها الغنيم إنجازات كثيرة وحازت على العديد من الجوائز.

.....

.....